

# THE WAYNE HERALD.

Wayne County

Nineteenth Year.

WAYNE, WAYNE COUNTY, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1894.

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REPUBLICAN—LEADING AND OFFICIAL PAPER OF WAYNE AND WAYNE COUNTY—REPUBLICAN.

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## WAYNE COUNTY FAIR!

Continued From Last Week—Friday and Saturday Big Days.

### WAYNE DEFEATS RANDOLPH.

In a Hotly Contested Game of Ball—The Races Very Good—Wayne County Club Race Meet a Grand Success—The Fair Society Have a Snug Sum Left in the Treasury.

Friday was the third day of the fair and nearly 2,500 people were in attendance. It was populist day and a small audience listened to an address by D. B. Carey, populist nominee for attorney general. The races were very good; the following is the summary:

Trotting, 3 minute class—Nettie Lee won; Doc Medium 2nd, Doc Heath 3rd; Time 2:53.

Free for all trot—Missfit won, Undine 2nd, Midnight 3rd—Time 2:52.

Free for all running—Billy Takeaway won, Golden Gate 2nd, Mollie 3rd. Time 3:55. The track was very slow. In the last heat of this race three of the horses fell at the quarter pole, but the riders received no serious injury, although darkness had set in.

To a great many, the most interesting feature was the base ball game between Wayne and Randolph. The Randolph club had hired Ed. Wood, of Coleridge, Bert Partridge, of Vermillion, S. D., two of the best players of the Coleridge club and the captain of the Tutti Fruttis, of Sioux City, Carl Hoffman. The fans from Randolph were flourishing considerable money on the game and there were quite a few takers, and the visitors left quite a bit of it in Wayne. The game resulted in favor of Wayne by a score of 14 to 10.

Batteries—Randolph, Gitchell, Curtis, Partridge and Wood. Wayne, Wellbaum and Skeen.

Saturday was the last day and the crowd was the largest of any day of the fair, reaching nearly 3,000. W. J. Bryan addressed a large crowd at the bower prior to the races and his demagogic friends treated him cordially. A terrible dust storm prevented any record breaking in the bicycle races but they were without doubt appreciated more than any other part of the fair, as people stood in the dust for hours to witness the races. The Wayne Cycle Club is to be congratulated over the success of the race meet and the fair association is certainly under obligations to the club.

The following is a summary of the races:

Half mile open, ten entries. Bert Morrow, Sioux City, won. F. H. Ashley, Sioux City, 2nd, and A. S. Hughson, Sioux City, 3rd. Time 1:28 1/2.

Three minute class, twelve entries. A. S. Hughson, Sioux City, won. A. L. Lager, Sioux City, 2nd, W. M. Farhart, Sioux City, 3rd. Time 4:29.

One-fourth mile open, thirteen entries. C. W. Ashley, Sioux City, 1st, H. E. Fredrickson, Fremont, 2nd, Bert Morrow, Sioux City, 3rd. Time 2:30 seconds.

One mile Wayne County Championship, five entries. S. H. Alexander won. Everett Laughlin, 2nd, Robt. Armstrong, 3rd. Time 2:27.

Half mile open, sixteen entries. H. E. Fredrickson won. J. A. Geist, Omaha, 2nd, G. M. Stein, Sioux City, 3rd. Time 1:18.

Horse race, three entries. Frank Ashley, of Sioux City, won. Jim Miller, Wayne, 2nd. Time 1:26.

One mile open, sixteen entries. H. E. Fredrickson, Fremont, 1st, C. W. Ashley, 2nd, Geo. M. Stein, 3rd. Time 2:35.

Half mile Cycle Club Championship, four entries. S. H. Alexander won. E. Laughlin, 2nd and Robt. Armstrong, 3rd. Time 1:27.

Two mile handicap, twenty-three entries. C. W. Ashley won. A. S. Hughson, 2nd, Geo. M. Stein, 3rd, H. E. Fredrickson, 4th. A. L. Lager, 5th. Time 3:31.

The Red Polled herd of Wm. Miller's Sons, the prize winners of five state fairs attracted much attention, as did the herd of Herefords of Geo. Childs and it was a pleasure to look at the fine Norman mares and colts, the property of N. Grimsley. The pens of Poland China hogs, and Chester Whites, proved an attraction to all those interested in stock. Kortright & Newton displayed a wind mill and supplied water for the society. Among the agricultural products was a fine lot of sugar beets raised by Hans Hansson.

The prize winners are:

CLASS A—HORSES AND MULES.  
Draft stallion, four years old and over, J. P. Bruger 1st, F. M. Griffith 2nd.  
Draft mare four years old and over, J. B. Bruger, 1st, N. Grimsley 2nd.  
Draft mare 3 years old and under 4, N. Grimsley 1st, J. B. Bruger 2nd.  
Draft mare 2 years old and under 3, N. Grimsley 1st.  
Draft mare 1 year old and under 2, N. Grimsley 1st, James Ritchey 2nd.  
Draft spring colt, N. Grimsley 1st, S. M. Cutler 2nd.

Span to Wagon Donald Wier 1st.  
Gelding 2 years old and over, J. W. Nichols 1st, R. Phillo 2nd.

Roadster, stallion 1 year old and under 2, W. W. Fletcher 1st.  
Carriage team, J. B. Bruger 1st, John Grimsley 2nd.

Saddle horse or mare, Geo. Palmer 1st.  
Single carriage horse or mare, Geo. Palmer 1st.

Sneppstags, stallion, F. M. Griffith 1st.  
Span mules, 2 years old and over, W. W. Fletcher 1st, J. W. Nichols 2nd.  
Single male 2 years old and over, J. W. Nichols 1st, Clarence Conger 2nd.

CLASS B—CATTLE.  
Jersey Bull two years old and over, N. Grimsley 1st.  
Jersey cow two years old and over, N. Grimsley 1st and 2nd, and 1st on heifer spring calf.  
Herefords, Geo. Childs takes 1st, on bull 2 years old and over, 1st and 2nd on bull spring calf, 1st and 2nd on cow 3 years old and over, 1st and 2nd on cow 2 years and under 3, 1st on heifer 1 year old and under 2, 1st and 2nd on heifer 1 year old and under 2, 1st and 2nd on spring calf.

Polled Angus. George Childs takes 1st and 2nd on bull spring calf, 1st and 2nd on cow 3 years and over, 1st on cow 2 years and under 3, 1st on heifer 1 year and under 2, 1st and 2nd on spring calf.

Sweepstakes, bull, of any breed, Wm. Miller's Sons 1st.  
Sweepstakes, cow, of any breed, Geo. Childs 1st.  
Sweepstakes, cow of any breed, Wm. Miller's Sons 1st.

Herd of 5 or more spring calves, Geo. Childs 1st, Wm. Miller's Sons 2nd.  
Herd of Thoroughbreds 1 male and 3 females, Wm. Miller's Sons 1st, Geo. Childs 2nd.

CLASS C—SHEEP.  
Long wool bucks, lamb under 1 year, Wm. Miller's Sons 1st.  
Three lambs, Wm. Miller's Sons 2nd.

CLASS D—SWINE.  
Poland China Boar, 1 year and over, Geo. Childs 1st.  
Chester White Boar, one year and over, Geo. Childs 1st.  
Poland China bred sow, 1 year and over, Geo. Childs 1st, Geo. Porter 2d.  
Brood sow and litter, Roe & Fortner 1st and 2nd.  
Boar over 6 months and under 1 year, E. P. Swartz 1st, Ran Frazier 2nd.  
Sow over 6 months and under 1 year, Henry Kloppling 1st, Ran Frazier 2nd.  
Boar pig over 4 months and under 6, Henry Kloppling 1st, Geo. Childs 2nd.  
Sow pig over 4 months and under 6, Geo. Childs 2nd.

CLASS E—POULTRY.  
Light Brahms, C. Martin 1st and 2nd.  
Bantams, Chauncey Childs 1st and 2nd.  
Buff Cochins, H. Gregory 1st and 2nd.  
Hamburgs, W. W. Cook 1st.  
Leghorns, Wm. Weber 1st, W. H. Bradford 2nd.  
Plymouth Rocks, Frank Osborn 1st, R. Frazier 2nd.  
Polish, C. W. Reynolds, 1st.  
Wyandottes, H. Gregory 1st, James Wright 2nd.  
Turkeys, John Soules 1st.  
Geese, Martin Muth 1st.  
Ducks, Martin Muth 1st.  
Show of not less than 10 fowls, Horace Gregory 1st and 2nd.

CLASS F—FARM MACHINERY.  
Plow, Phillo & Son, 1st.  
Feed Grinder, Phillo & Son 1st.

CLASS G—CASE GOODS AND TEXTILES.  
Display Clothing and Shoes, S. R. Theobald 1st.  
Display Merchandise, S. Theobald 1st.

CLASS H—EMBROIDERY.  
Artistic Embroidery Mrs. L. White 1st.  
Hand silk, Mrs. Wm. L. White 2nd.  
Fancy tidy, Mrs. Will Weber, 1st, Mrs. Ella Wilbur 2nd.  
Fancy hand bag, Miss Frazier 1st.  
Crocheted head rest, toilet mat, Emb. center piece, and picture throw, Mrs. L. Roe 1st.  
Crazy tidy, Mrs. Ella Wilbur, 1st.  
Spoken du, and Mrs. Mrs. Wilbur, 1st.  
Crocheted bag, Mrs. Wm. Weber, 1st.  
Miss Jacobson 2nd.  
Emb. Wall Banner, Mrs. E. Wilbur 1st.  
Emb. silk apron and Emb. Doilies, Mrs. H. E. Corbit 1st.  
Ice wool shawl and Emb. Table cover, Miss Leta Corbit 1st.  
Ladies skirt and child's afghan, Miss Jacobson 1st.  
Crocheted hood, Mrs. Wm. Weber 1st.  
Photo holder, Miss Leta Corbit.  
Chicanecke yoke, Miss Jacobson.  
Crazy sofa pillow, Mrs. N. Grimsley.

CLASS I—DOMESTIC.  
Rug carpet and worsted quilt, Mrs. C. S. Ash, 1st and 2nd.  
Cotton quilt, Mrs. M. Chichester, first.  
Miss Frazier 2nd.  
Crazy quilt, Mrs. L. Roe, first.  
White quilt, Mrs. G. B. Nettleton, first.  
Silk quilt, Mrs. N. Grimsley first, Mrs. Ella Wilbur 2nd.  
Counterpane, Miss C. L. Trevett, first.  
Worsted comfort, Mrs. G. W. Crossland 1st, Miss C. L. Trevett 2nd.  
Ladies fashinator, Mrs. Mark Miller.  
Home-made rug, Mrs. Wm. Wright.

CLASS M—BOTS DEPARTMENT.  
Cage of animal pets, Chauncey Sewell first, Rollie Ley 2nd.  
Collection seeds, Wm. Frazier Jr. first.  
Variety pop corn, M. N. Conover first, Alvin Hyatt 2nd.

CLASS N—FARM PRODUCTS.  
Rye H. W. Gamble 1st, C. S. Ash, 2nd.  
Yellow dent corn, S. F. McManigal 1st, J. A. Barber, 2nd.  
White corn, Henry Kellogg, 1st, J. A. Barber 2nd.  
Red corn, John Neely.  
Cider, H. W. Gamble.  
Spring Wheat, C. D. Martin, 1st, John Soules 2nd.  
Oats, D. Cunningham, 1st, Adam Grier 2nd.  
Potatoes, E. Swartz 1st, Jas Elliott 2nd.  
Beets for table use, Henry Cadwell 1st, C. S. Ash, 2nd.  
Pumpkins, C. C. Brown 1st, E. Chichester 2nd.  
Squashes, C. C. Brown.  
Spring Beans and water melons, Hans Hansen, 1st.  
Carrots and Turnips, Martin Muth.  
Flax seed and Millet, C. S. Ash.

CLASS O—BUTTER AND CHEESE.  
Roll butter, not less than 8 lbs, D. Cunningham 1st, Mrs. James Perdue 2nd.  
Tub butter, not less than 20 lbs, Mrs. John Fisher 1st.

## CLASS P—FRUITS AND WINES.

Best and largest variety apples, W. Benshoff 1st, James Elliott 2nd.  
Best and largest variety fall apples, W. A. Hunter 1st.  
Best and largest collection winter apples, D. Cunningham 1st, Henry Kellogg 2nd.  
Best collection plums, W. A. Hunter 1st.  
Best collection Siberian crabs, C. Bastian 2nd.

CLASS Q—GIRLS DEPARTMENT.  
Chain stitch tidy, Josie Frazier 1st.  
Gingham dress, Josie Frazier 1st.  
Friendship sash, Josie Frazier 2nd.  
Worsted comfort, Josie Frazier 1st.  
Crocheted and or knitted lace, Mty King 1st.  
Tidy, Anna Lund 1st.  
Embroidery on cotton, Anna Lund 1st.  
Spiral cotton crocheted work, May King 1st.  
Fancy articles not enumerated, Ethel Holtz 1st, Luella Bremner 2nd.

CLASS R—FLOWERS.  
Display ferns, Mrs. C. W. King 1st.  
Pansy bouquet, Mrs. Wm. Weber 1st.  
King 1st.

CLASS S—PRESERVED FRUITS, ETC.  
Gooseberry butter, Mrs. Crossland 1st.  
Grape butter, Mrs. Crossland 1st, Mrs. Miller 2nd.  
Plum butter, Mrs. Tucker 1st, Mrs. Miller 2nd.  
Rhubarb butter, Mrs. Crossland 1st.  
Peach butter, Mrs. Miller 1st, Mrs. Tucker 2nd.  
Apple butter, Mrs. Miller 1st, Mrs. Crossland 2nd.  
Pear butter, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Pumpkin butter, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Display of butters, Mrs. Crossland 1st, Mrs. Miller 2nd.  
Cran apple jelly, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Rhubarb jelly, Mrs. Miller 1st, Mrs. Crossland 2nd.  
Apple jelly, Mrs. Crossland 1st, Mrs. Miller 2nd.  
Plum jelly, Mrs. Miller 1st, Mrs. Crossland 2nd.  
Grape jelly, Mrs. Crossland 1st, Mrs. Miller 2nd.  
Gooseberry jelly, Mrs. Crossland 1st.  
Blackberry jelly, " " 1st.  
Rhubarb jelly, " " 1st.  
Display of jellies, Mrs. G. W. Crossland 1st, Mrs. Mark Miller 2nd.  
Canned peaches, Mrs. Mark Miller 1st, Mrs. A. L. Tucker 2nd.  
Canned wild plums, Mrs. M. Miller 1st.  
Canned pears, Mrs. Tucker 1st, Mrs. Miller 2nd.  
Canned green gages, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Canned grapes, " " 1st.  
Canned blackberries, " " 1st.  
Canned cherries, Mrs. Miller 1st, Mrs. Tucker 2nd.  
Canned gooseberries, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Canned tomatoes, Mrs. Tucker 1st.  
Preserved strawberries, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Preserved grapes, " " 1st.  
Preserved crab apples, Mrs. Crossland 2nd.  
Preserved gooseberries, Mrs. Crossland 1st.  
" peaches, " " 1st.  
" strawberries, " " 1st.  
" plums, Mrs. Tucker 1st, Mrs. Crossland 2nd.  
Preserved watermelon, Mrs. Miller 1st, Mrs. Tucker 2nd.  
Preserved apple, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Grape marmalade, " " 1st.  
Tomato catsup, Mrs. Tucker 1st.  
Grape jam, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Peanut butter, Mrs. Tucker 1st.  
Spiced tomatoes, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Canned tomatoes, Mrs. Tucker 1st, Mrs. Miller 2nd.  
Crab apple pickles, Wm. Benshoff 1st, Mrs. Crossland 2nd.  
Chopped pickles, Mrs. Miller 1st.  
Pickled tomatoes, " " 1st.  
Cucumber pickles, " " 1st.  
Onion pickles, " " 1st.

CLASS T—FINE ARTS, PAINTINGS, ETC.  
Flowers in oil, Miss Lucy Buffington 1st.  
Mrs. Lillian White 2nd.  
Oil painting, landscape, Mrs. Lillian White 1st.  
Oil painting, portrait, Mrs. Lillian White 1st.  
Oil painting, sunset, Mrs. Theo. Daewig 1st.  
Oil painting, waterfall, Mrs. C. L. Trevett 1st.  
Oil painting, winter scene, Mrs. C. L. Trevett 1st and 2nd.  
Oil painting, moonlight, Mrs. C. L. Trevett 1st and 2nd.  
Oil painting, animal picture, B. W. Cook 1st.  
Specimen pastel work, Mrs. Mark Miller 1st.  
Crayon portrait, H. E. Griggs 1st, Mrs. Lillian White 2nd.  
Specimen crayon work, Mrs. Lillian White 1st and 2nd.  
Landscape, water colors, Mrs. Lillian White 1st and 2nd.  
Collection of paintings done by exhibitor, Mrs. Lillian White 1st.

CLASS U—VEHICLES, ETC.  
Farm wagon, Julius Tower 1st, Phillo & Son 2nd.

CLASS V—SCHOOL WORK.  
Best specimen writing, Bessie Winterburn 1st.  
Best arithmetic work, Clyde Winterburn 1st.  
Best map of Nebraska, Charles Winterburn 1st, George Gelder, jr., 2nd.  
Drawing, best natural object, Charles Winterburn 1st.  
Language, best display, Bessie Winterburn 1st.

FAIR NOTES.  
The Randolph fans returned home looking pale.

The Sioux City bicyclists captured a goodly share of the prizes.

Samuel Alexander holds the championship of Wayne county.

The fair officials have a right to be proud over the success of the fair.

It cannot be said that it is a good place to hold political meetings, at a county fair.

The total receipts of the fair amount to nearly \$1,300 and the expenditures about \$1,050, leaving a balance of \$150 in the treasury.

## THE DEMOCRATS AND POPS DO NOT PREFER TO BEAR THE HOME BAND.

But who furnished the band for the pops, the fair association?

During the tournament here Tuesday the Northeast Nebraska Tennis association was organized, with John D. Haskell, of Wakefield, president, and J. G. Mines, of this city, secretary. Executive committee, W. H. Martin, Hartington; A. J. Ernst, Wayne; B. F. Pearson, Wakefield.

A hearty vote of thanks was extended to the Wayne Tennis association and J. G. Mines for the splendid entertainment.

The following is a summary of the games played at the tournament:

Wakefield beat Hartington 6-4, 6-4, 6-3.

Randolph defaulted to Wayne.

Norfolk beat Coleridge 6-4, 6-4, 6-6.

Norfolk beat Wayne 6-6, 2-6, 6-4, 6-3, 6-3.

Wakefield beat Norfolk 5-7, 6-8, 6-2, 6-1.

Wakefield winning the championship of Northeast Nebraska in doubles. The high wind prevented any expert playing.

The players were: Hartington, W. H. Martin and E. M. Martin; Norfolk, M. C. Hazen and F. H. Beels; Coleridge, F. A. McCormack and G. Gray; Wakefield, J. D. Haskell and B. F. Pearson; Wayne, A. F. Ernst and J. G. Mines. The singles were not played.

Oh! for a rain!

L. M. Robbins is seriously ill.

See the nobby dress goods at J. Singer & Co's.

Mrs. B. F. Swan will entertain a large number of her lady friends from 3:00 to 7:00 P. M. today.

Mrs. Dan Harrington will entertain a number of lady friends at high five, Saturday afternoon.

Hon. John M. Thurston will speak at Bloomfield during the race meeting, Wednesday, October 3rd.

The Ladies' High Five club was re-organized at the residence of Mrs. Armstrong yesterday afternoon.

The Herald devotes considerable space this week to the list of premiums awarded at the fair and omits other local matter.

Miss Goodykoontz and Prof. Ezerma are both familiar names to the music lovers of Wayne. At the opera house October 4.

Robert J., time 2:01 1/2, and Joe Patchen will race for a purse of \$5,000 on Thursday, October 11th, at the Inter State Fair at Sioux City.

Invitations are out for the art class to be organized by Cora Nissen, artist of Omaha, at the residence of Mrs. E. M. Smith Friday and Saturday of this week.

A. O. Noreen, of Fremont, spent Wednesday night in Wayne, on his way to Bloomfield. He says that Wayne is about the prettiest little city he has seen in the state.

The ladies of the M. E. church will give a chicken pie dinner and will also serve supper in the Boyd Hotel annex Saturday, October 6th. Everybody cordially invited.

NOTICE.—Water consumers who wish to begin sprinkling at 5 o'clock can get permission to do so by calling on the water commissioner. Persons are warned not to use water during the night.

J. R. Hoover, of Fremont, an experienced restaurant man, has taken possession of the Corner Restaurant and invites the hungry public to call and see him. Meals furnished at all hours.

At the populist convention Saturday, James Britton was placed in nomination for representative of the 17th representative district. Of the nomination the Herald will have something to say later.

D. E. Smith & Co. have sold their general merchandise business to J. S. Johnson, of Schuyler, cashier of one of the leading banks of that city. Mr. Smith goes out of business because of ill health but will remain in Wayne.

B. W. Sprague has left for — somewhere, departing Monday morning, and in a short time a number of creditors were looking for him. Fred Volpp overhauled him at Pilger and succeeded in getting a portion of his account, together with a number of accounts held by Sprague against people here.

Miss Goodykoontz, Sioux City's popular soprano, will appear at the opera house on the evening of October 4. She will sing groups of songs in different languages, including German, Norwegian, Italian and English. Prof. Ezerma will also assist and a most excellent program is expected. This entertainment will be given under the auspices of the Wayne Choral Union.

## Cloaks! Cloaks! Cloaks at the Race!

What is the matter with keeping the street sprinkler going. The experience of the past few days ought to satisfy most anyone that it is needed.

The pastor having returned from the meeting of Synod, there will be services in the Lutheran church next Sunday morning and evening. Public cordially invited to attend.

M. K. Rickabaugh and Ralph Rundell went to Norfolk Monday evening in search of B. W. Sprague, whom it was reported had skipped, leaving a number of people to mourn.

B. W. Jonas went to Wayne this morning and quietly arrested Ex-county Attorney Guy R. Wilbur, who is charged with issuing checks on imaginary bank accounts with no fund to meet the demand.—Norfolk News.

PERSONAL.  
George Devine went to Laurel yesterday.

Attorneys Northrop and Welch went to Sioux City yesterday.

Chas. Diltz was down from Hartington Sunday and Monday.

Ran Frazier went to Bancroft Saturday evening on business.

R. M. Goshorn went to Iowa Saturday afternoon for a week's sojourn.

T. R. Bigbold, of Ewing, visited during the fair, with his old friend, E. D. Perry.

Samuel Hodson went to Missouri yesterday, called by the serious illness of his wife.

Chas. Burr, of Bloomington, Ill. is looking after real estate interests in Wayne county.

C. C. Sedgwick, of Sioux City, visited over Sunday with his brother W. L. of the West Side Pharmacy.

Charles R. Wooley, representing the Omaha Bee, was a pleasant caller at the Herald office Monday.

W. M. Witter and wife came in from the east Friday evening and will remain in the city for some time.

Mrs. James Murray, of Chicago, accompanied by Mrs. Kennedy, are the guests of Mrs. Moran and other friends in Wayne.

Del Strickland and L. C. Childersleeve left for Kalspell, Missouri, Monday evening. They expect to purchase land if the country suits them.

Messrs Swenson and Shopardson, of the Randolph Reporter, were pleasant callers at the Herald office Monday morning. They attended the fair Saturday.

Mrs. Mary Holtz, Wm. Beckenhauer and Henry Beckenhauer went to West Point this morning to attend the funeral of their mother whose death occurred Tuesday.

Henry Ley, Del Blanchard, C. O. Fisher, Jake Zigler, delegates, and A. B. Charde and S. B. Russell attended the democratic state convention at Omaha yesterday.

Inter-State Fair Excursion.  
To persons wishing to attend the Inter-State Fair to be held at Sioux City from Oct. 6th to 14th, Excursion tickets will be sold Oct. 5th to 13th, good returning Oct. 16th. Fare \$1.90.

Entertainment.  
The Epworth League promises to furnish a unique entertainment on Saturday night at the M. E. church. The entire roll will be called and each member is expected to respond with a dollar, telling at the same time how it was earned. This will be interspersed with a musical and literary program. A five cent admission will be charged at the door.

An Excellent Nomination.  
The Republican convention of the 11 senatorial district, comprising the counties of Madison, Pierce, Wayne and Stanton, have nominated John T. Bressler, of Wayne, for the state senate. Mr. Bressler is one of the earliest settlers of Wayne county, and in the days when the only railroad connection with that county was by means of a stage line from Wisner to LaPorte, the then county seat. Mr. Bressler was a frequent visitor to Wisner, and is still kindly remembered by many of our people who are always pleased to hear of his well-merited success. He has been promptly identified with the material development of his county from its infancy, and by his honest and manly course has established an enviable reputation among all who have made his acquaintance. The voters of the 11 district can make no mistake in sending Mr. Bressler to the state senate, for few men in Northeast Nebraska are more conversant with the affairs of the state and his section, or would be more enthusiastic and conscientious than he in his devotion to the best interests of his constituency.—Wisner Chronicle.

## JOHN M. THURSTON

At the Opera House Next Tuesday Evening October 2nd.

John M. Thurston, the greatest orator in the west, will address the people of Northeast Nebraska, at the opera house in this city on the above named date. All neighboring towns and the republican clubs are invited to attend. Reduced rates on the railroad from all points. This will be a treat which you cannot afford to miss therefore make arrangements to be present.

Republican Club.  
Meeting tomorrow night at Mellor's hall. Every member requested to be present. Business of importance. If you haven't joined the Wayne republican club, get your signature to the roll.

DIED.  
GOLL—Frederick, son of J. H. Goll, Tuesday afternoon, aged four years and six months, cause of death typhoid fever.

The funeral occurs at the German church this afternoon. The bereaved parents have the sympathy of the community in their affliction.

The dedication of the Swedish, M. E. church of Swede Ridge, eleven miles northwest of Wayne, will occur next Sunday.

READ THE FOLLOWING POINTERS  
From Wayne's Enterprising Merchants, if You Desire to Keep Posted.

Cabinet Photos \$3.00 per doz. during September. C. M. CRAVAY.

T. B. Heekert, Dentist.  
Schuttler wagon at cost. J. Tower.  
The best table oil cloth 10c. per yard The Racket.

All kinds of canned goods at W. E. Brookings.  
Now dress goods arriving every day The Racket.

New fall goods arriving every day at J. Singer & Co's.  
The best L. L. Brown sheeting 10c. per yard. The Racket.

New goods and new prices, come in and get them. The Racket.  
We have something nice to show you in lace and chenille curtains. D. E. Smith & Co.

W. E. Brookings carries groceries of every description, and his prices are in accordance with the times.

The Inter-State Fair to be held at Sioux City, October 6th to 14th, promises to be the greatest success of any fair ever held in the west.

Go to the Bonnett House for meats and day-board. Rates reasonable.

Wait for J. Singer & Co's Fall Opening.  
50c. for the best calico dress you ever saw. The Racket.

Great Cloak sale the first of October. D. E. Smith & Co.

Go to Brady's for your school shoes and all other shoes. He can fit from the Infant to the Giant of Best Grade and Lowest Price.

The best prints, latest fall styles 5c. per yard. The Racket.

Ladies stop and look at our Cloaks a new lot just arrived. The Racket.

A nice line of children and boys' suits at Brady's, and at prices that will surprise you.

We are closing out our lamps, drug cost. See our prices. Sedgwick Drug Co. West Side Pharmacy.

We bought especially new in cloaks and capes. We will notify you through the press when they arrive, giving you a first chance for selection. Wait and see the nobby garments at J. Singer & Co's.

GRAND OPENING  
this week of  
Fall and Winter Millinery.  
Pattern Hats and Bonnets.  
Ladies' Misses' and Children's  
CLOAKS, WRAPS and JACKETS at  
"AHERN'S."

To Cattle Feeders.  
We shall go into campaign on this season's crop about the middle of this month. Anyone desirous of contracting for beet pulp is invited to send in his application at once. The price will be fifty cents per ton delivered at the factory.  
Beet pulp, when properly fed, furnishes the most desirable food for fattening cattle as well as for dairy purposes as it increases the richness and flow of milk.  
NORFOLK BEET SUGAR CO.



WAYNE, NEB.

OSBORN & McNEAL, PUBLISHERS

THE NEWS RECORD.

GATHERED FROM ALL PARTS OF THE GLOBE.

Illinois Jesse James Holds Up a Cashier. But It Brought Back Novel Aquatic Plan Reported by Dethroned Gambling Kings of Chicago.

Bank Robber Run Down. Mr. STERLING, Ill., special: A young man named... Mr. STERLING, Ill., special: A young man named...

To Gamble on the Lake. CHICAGO special: A most sensational move is reported in marine circles to have been made by the gamblers.

Counterfeiting Gang Broken Up. WASHINGTON special: Chief Hazen of Secret Service has received at telegram announcing the arrest at Clinton, Mo., of J. B. McCullough, charged with impersonating the Chief of the Secret Service, Jorgery, and in attempting to procure the printing of counterfeit United States notes.

Storms and Hurricanes. WASHINGTON special: The Signal Service has just completed arrangements by which, in connection with the Postoffice Department, warnings will be sent in advance of all indications for severe storms or hurricanes in any part of the country east of the Rocky Mountains.

Knocked the City in Pieces. THE HAGUE special: Dispatches received here from Batavia, Java, say that Mataram, the capital of the Island of Lombok, was almost destroyed by the bombardment of the Dutch fleet.

The Cholera in Russia. St. PETERSBURG special: The health authorities report that during the period from September 2 to September 15 there were 245 new cases of cholera and ninety deaths from the disease in the city.

IN THE EAST. POMEROY, Ohio, special: By the capturing of a boat in the Ohio River, the negroes were drowned. CLEVELAND special: In the suburb of Richfield, near the city, a rich farmer killed his wife and his throat with a razor and is dying.

HARRISBURG, Pa., special: Grand Master Sargent and Vice Grand Master Hannahan were re-elected by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. There was a hot fight on the latter for the position of grand master in the railroad strike and boycott.

Over a week ago, in that the favorable weather reports about their grain maintained. There are surprisingly good reports of business from the south, and with some exceptions from the west. The greatest activity is shown in dry goods, clothing, millinery and shoes.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, special: Comptroller of Currency Eckels spoke at the annual convention of the Ohio Bankers' Association. He made arguments against the inflation of currency regardless of intrinsic value.

WASHINGTON special: The Treasury statement shows the customs receipts for the first twenty days of this month for \$1,411,797, against \$4,597,571 for the first twenty days of September, 1892.

IN THE WEST. ASHLAND, Wis., special: Home-stealers who have not secured a permanent title to their claims are again agitating the matter of having Congress take such action as will be necessary to permit them to cut the timber of their land.

SAN FRANCISCO special: Three of the four San Salvador refugees, who were brought here on the United States Steamer Bennington, had been released by the United States on the solicitation of the Government of San Salvador, are now free.

CHICAGO special: The whisky trust has filed in the office of Internal Revenue Collector Mize a protest against the legality of the section of the new tariff law which increases the tax on spirits from 90 cents to \$1.10 per gallon.

SAN FRANCISCO special: Information has been received that continued rains have damaged the Valencia grain crop, and that the Spanish packers have withdrawn all offerings until the extent of the damage can be ascertained.

ST. PAUL special: In the convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union the first business was reports of societies not connected with the unions. Wonderful growth was reported from many sections.

MLWAUKEE, Wis., special: Edward Drummond, treasurer of the Waukegan Coal and Lignite Mining Co., was murdered by a woman who then blew out his brains.

FOREIGN JOTTINGS.

TORONTO special: The deep waterways convention adopted a resolution in favor of joint action by the United States and Canada looking to deepening of the waterways from the lakes to the ocean via the St. Lawrence and Hudson Rivers.

MARSHFIELD special: A mail steamer has arrived here bringing advices from Madagascar which show that the Hovas expected a war with France and were actively arming and constructing fortifications.

LONDON special: A Times Tien Tsen dispatch says: The engagement between the Chinese and Japanese fleets began at noon and lasted till 5 p. m. The Chinese lost four ships.

CHEMULO, Corea, special: Thirty-two Japanese transports, conveyed by a fleet of warships, have arrived bringing reinforcements of 7,000 soldiers, 3,000 Coolies, 2,000 pack mules, pontoon bridges, several batteries of mounted guns.

LONDON special: The Chamber of Commerce to banquet Congressman Wm. W. Willard at the Legation, United States Ambassador Bayard Rustin, Sterling Morton, Secretary of Agriculture, Congressman Leader Strauss of New York and other prominent Americans will be present.

BANCOVER, B. C., special: The steamer Empress of Japan brings news rumored in Japan that China is endeavoring to purchase a fleet of warships from Chile.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., special: Gen. Wm. Booth, founder of the Salvation Army, has arrived here. He will visit all the large cities of the United States and Canada during the next six months.

RIO DE JANEIRO special: It is announced that the Government proposes to raise a loan of \$3,000,000 sterling.

THE HAGUE special: The Budget shows a deficit of 8,000,000 florins. A loan will be issued immediately.

FOILED THE ROBBERS.

FUTILE ATTEMPT TO HOLD UP A SANTA FE TRAIN. Railroad Officials Received Warning in Time of a Proposed Attempt to Loot an Express Near Corbin, Mo., and Armed Detectives Were Ready.

Train robbers in Missouri were given a basket early Tuesday morning which they will never forget as long as they breathe. It was the nearest job ever done in the whole history of Missouri banditry and it was all planned more than three weeks ago.

The story of the robbery and the clever way in which it was balked reads like a romance. Three weeks ago, then, the officials of the road received word that the Denver express was to be held up.

Being in full possession of the plans of the robbers, the officials were in readiness to greet any demonstration of lawlessness with a shower of lead. Eight armed deputies, together with Sheriff Saling of Scotland County and City Marshal Byrnes of Memphis, Mo., were stationed on the train to welcome the bandits.

SLAUGHTERED BY JAPS.

Sixteen Thousand Chinese Soldiers Killed or Wounded in Battle. Details of the battle between the Chinese and Japanese forces at Ping Yang show a decisive victory for the Japs and the utter rout of the Chinese.

The battle was opened at daybreak by a Japanese cannonade of the Chinese works, which was continued until cessation of fire. The Chinese were responding. The work with the heavy guns showed good practice. The firing continued at intervals during the night, and in the meantime two Japanese flanking columns had formed a cordon around the Chinese.

It is estimated that 20,000 Chinese soldiers were engaged in the battle. The Japanese captured immense stores of provisions, munitions of war, and hundreds of colors. The Chinese loss is estimated at 15,000 killed, wounded, and taken prisoners.

World's Record Smashed.

World's records went a glimmering over the Torco Hunt track, which holds all but two of the fastest three heats ever paced and fastest two-year-old pacing record. The excitement was at its height when the starter announced that Robert J. would go to beat his own record, 2:02.

Two Masked men 'held up' twenty men in Peabody's gambling room near Helena, Mont., and secured several hundred dollars.

BRECKINRIDGE IS BEATEN.

W. C. Owens Carries the Ashland Congressional District in Kentucky. Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge, the silver-tongued orator and defendant in the famous breach of promise case in which Madeline Folland appeared as plaintiff, has been defeated for re-nomination in the Ashland, Ky., district by W. C. Owens, Mr. Owens, backed by the majority of the women of Kentucky, and approved by the men of the State who have not hesitated to express their disgust at the attitude of the Congressman both during the famous trial and throughout the heated campaign, has won.

No election or other occasion ever caused such a general suspension of business. For months the district has been agitated in the most bitter personal agitation. It was not a political, not even a factional, fight. It was a moral contest for ethics and morals.

William C. Owens is a native of Scott County, and one of the wealthiest men in the blue grass region of Kentucky, where he has lived all his life. He is 44 years old and unmarried. He graduated from the Columbia College Law School in the class of 1871.

SCANDAL IN HIGH LIFE. Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton and Her Notorious Conduct is Socially Banished. Scandal in "high society" is very common these days. The papers had not yet exhausted their stock of disgusting stories about William K. Vanderbilt's domestic troubles, when there came the news that J. Coleman Drayton had sued for divorce from his wife, who is an Astor.

Charlotte Augusta Drayton is a daughter of William Astor, of the family of which John Jacob Astor was the founder. Some fourteen years ago she married J. Coleman Drayton, a gentleman of position, refinement, and means and quite habit and good position. She became the mother of four children, was a leader in society, and had everything in the way of the luxuries of life that heart could desire.

PAWNEE COUNTY WANTS A NEW JAIL.

Wm. Barker's house and barn at Crawford have been destroyed by fire. SWALLOWING grape seeds caused the death of Mrs. Drake of Grand Island.

JOSEPH KRESSLER, RESIDING NEAR OTTOE, HAS BUILT AN ARTESIAN WELLS AND WILL STOCK IT WITH GERMAN WINE.

It is said that Adams County farmers will sow a larger acreage of rye and wheat this fall than ever before. PONCA's new steam flouring mill will be completed by November 1. It will have a capacity of seventy-five barrels a day.

FARMER KRAMER OF OTTOE COUNTY HAD HIS JAW BROKEN AND HIS FACE OTHER WISE DISFIGURED BY THE KICK OF A HORSE.

JOHN HOUGHNON, farmer living near Cambridge, was killed by lightning while driving his cattle home in the evening. He was a native of Germany.

ANNIE MURRAY, A COLORED GIRL AT CRAWFORD, TOOK A DOSE OF LAUNDUM FOR THE PURPOSE OF WORKING ON THE SYMPATHIES OF HER LOVER. SHE WAS NONE THE WISER, NOR IS HE.

In Buffalo County \$3,000 had been paid for gopher scalps this year up to September 1. They are being brought in fast every day and it looks as if every man and boy in the county had gone into the business.

THE GASOLINE STOVE IN THE RESIDENCE OF FRED BILL AT GUILF ROCK EXPLODED THE OTHER DAY, BUT MR. BILL RUSHED IN AND CARRIED OUT THE BURNING TANK AND PREVENTED THE HOUSE FROM BEING DESTROYED. THE STOVE WAS QUITE FAULTY BECAUSE OF THE FACE AND HANDS.

THE MIDDLE GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD WAS SOLD UNDER FORECLOSURE AT ATLANTA. It was bought in by representatives of the stockholders.

THE DULUTH GAS AND WATER COMPANY OFFERS TO SELL OUT THE CITY FOR \$25,000, THE CITY TO ASSUME THE BONDED INDEBTEDNESS OF \$1,812,000.

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IRRIGATION IN NEBRASKA.

The Bankers' Convention Hears a Paper on the Subject. At the Bankers' Association meeting at Omaha the subject of irrigation came up for extensive discussion. A. F. North of North Platte, read a paper on the practicability and cost of irrigation for Nebraska. He said: "Nebraska is one of the most fortunately situated states in regard to its water supply. The South Platte is nearly drained by Colorado, but the North Platte contains enough water to irrigate 10,000,000 acres of land.

The executive council presented the following resolution: Resolved, That we are in favor of such amendments to the present laws as will provide for the circulation and the substitution thereof of some plan which, while preserving all the present safeguards, will afford an opportunity for legitimate expansion to meet the emergencies of business, and we had in mind the plan of the Bankers' Association presented in convention at Baltimore.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—C. E. Adams, Superior. Vice President—L. M. Keene, Fremont.

The secretary and treasurer will be elected later on by the executive council.

DISOBEYED THE COURT'S ORDER.

The District Court at Omaha decided that the mayor, chief of police and other members of the local board of health, were in contempt in refusing to arrange the city's sanitary conditions according to the court's order. The officials resent the action of the court in treating them as criminals.

PART OF A CHILD'S SKULL REMOVED.

Guy Congdon, the son of D. C. Congdon of North Platte had his skull fractured by the kick of a horse. A portion of the skull was removed by attending surgeons, and at present the boy is resting comfortably. He will probably recover.

DEATH OF A LIGHTNING BOLT.

Louis Martin, a citizen of Riverton, was killed by lightning. He was leaning on a wire fence, elbow to elbow with his brother, and the latter did not feel the shock. The deceased leaves a wife and four young children.

FATALITY SHOT WHILE HUNTING.

John Barrall, aged 19, who resides with his parents near Butte City, was fatally shot while hunting on Snake River. He attempted to place his gun in a wagon with the muzzle reversed. He died in a few hours.

TO BUILD A BEET SUGAR FACTORY.

A mass meeting was held at West Point to receive propositions from Chicago capitalists in reference to the establishment of a beet sugar factory in that city. Nothing definite was determined upon.

NEBRASKA WANTS.

PAWNEE COUNTY wants a new jail. Wm. Barker's house and barn at Crawford have been destroyed by fire.

CHERRY COUNTY CLAIMS TO BE THE BANNER STOCK COUNTY OF THE STATE THIS YEAR.

JOSEPH KRESSLER, residing near Ottoe, has built an artesian well and will stock it with German wine. It is said that Adams County farmers will sow a larger acreage of rye and wheat this fall than ever before.

REV. C. SANQUIST OF OAKLAND WAS MADE THE VICTIM OF SNEAK THIEVES TO THE EXTENT OF \$55 IN CASH AND A DRAFT FOR \$200.

FARMER KRAMER of Ottoe County had his jaw broken and his face otherwise disfigured by the kick of a horse. He will recover.

JOHN HOUGHNON, FARMER LIVING NEAR CAMBRIDGE, WAS KILLED BY LIGHTNING WHILE DRIVING HIS CATTLE HOME IN THE EVENING. HE WAS A NATIVE OF GERMANY.

ANNIE MURRAY, a colored girl at Crawford, took a dose of laundum for the purpose of working on the sympathies of her lover. She was none the wiser, nor is he.

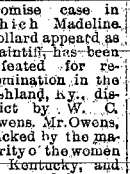
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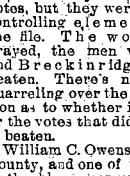
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W. C. OWENS.



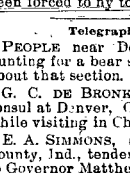
W. C. OWENS.



W. C. OWENS.



MRS. J. C. DRAYTON.



ROBERT J.



# DEATH IN THE WIND

## Awful Loss of Life Reported in Iowa and Minnesota.

## TRAIL OF A TORNADO.

## Whole Towns Are Wiped Out of Existence.

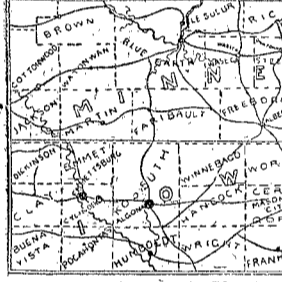
Number of Injured Said to Run Into Hundreds—Entire Counties Laid Waste by Wind and Rain—Several Villages Effaced from the Map—No Estimate of Aggregate Property Loss Is Made, but It Will Be Something Enormous.

**T**HE fearful cyclone which swept over a portion of Southern Minnesota and Northern Iowa Friday night is now known to have been the most disastrous of any storm which has visited the Northwest in many years. From best advices obtainable at the time this is written, persons are known to have been killed outright and at least a many more were dangerously several of them fatally injured, and the number of those less seriously hurt will exceed 100.

The towns of Emmetsburg, Britt, Cairo, Gordon, and Algona, Iowa, and Spring Valley and Leroy, Minnesota, were visited, and the country around them was laid waste. The telegraph wires are down so badly that full accounts of the awful disaster cannot yet be obtained, but the dead, numerically, so far as is known, are as follows:

- Near Algona, Iowa..... 26
- In Mitchell County, Iowa..... 13
- Near Osage, Iowa..... 6
- Near Des Moines, Iowa..... 5
- Cerro Gordon County, Iowa..... 5
- Spring Valley, Minn..... 8
- Leroy, Minn..... 7
- Near Britt, Iowa..... 7

Starting about ten miles southeast of Spencer in Northwestern Iowa the storm of wind at 8 o'clock began its



work of destruction. Talking everything before it, it swept across the State just north of Emmetsburg and Algona, wiping out the town of Cylinder, but mostly injuring the country districts. After passing Mason City and ruining the country northwest of Osage it bore off to the northeast, crossing the Minnesota line, and soon after 10 o'clock wrecked the town of Leroy, where a considerable amount of damage was done. Spring Valley was right in the path of the cyclone and suffered severely. Turning again to the east the towns of Homer and Louth were badly damaged, and at one time reported completely wiped off the face of the earth. After crossing the Mississippi and doing considerable damage to farm buildings near Marshland, Wis., the storm seemed to have spent its force. A smaller storm did some damage at Dodge Center, which was not in the path of the main cyclone. The path of the storm was not wide, but it had all the characteristics of the deadly tornado and the dimensions of a cyclone.

**Country the Heaviest Loser.**  
While the loss of life is great, it might have been much greater had there been many towns in the path of the storm. As it was only a few villages were struck. The greatest destruction of life was in the vicinity of Mason City, Iowa; Wesley, Iowa; Perle, Osage, and Britt, Minnesota, where the town was reduced to kindling, no fatalities are reported, but seventeen persons were injured, some of whom will die.

In Minnesota the storm seemed to start at Le Roy, after traveling in the air for several miles. Five persons were killed at this place. At Chatfield, Minn., a dance was in progress, the opera-house when the storm descended upon the town. The building was blown down and many persons were hurt. Sixty houses in all were demolished and 109 persons were injured.

The cyclone appeared in Iowa at about 10 o'clock in the evening and was accompanied by violent lightning and thunder. After the death-lightning had done a flooding rain, which rendered the destruction more complete. There appeared to be three clouds, one above the other, all whirling in opposite directions, and when they came in contact everything in their path was swept away. The storm was eccentric, as in many cases houses were completely demolished while structures directly adjoining were unscathed. The storm lasted about two hours, and traveled over a strip of territory 120 miles in length and from a quarter of a mile to several miles wide.  
With the exception of a call from Thompson, Iowa, for medical assistance to care for the wounded, there were no appeals for aid, and the more fortunate in the scourged district announced that they will care for the survivors.  
The devastated district is visited by thousands of spectators from far and near, who charter every conceivable conveyance in order to make the journey. The picture of desolation presented will never be forgotten by those who saw it. That the wind could do

what has been done in the way of destruction would not be believed were it not that the ocular proof is at hand. Forests of considerable area and heavy growth have been leveled as completely as though mowed with a scythe. In some instances barbed wire fences, that offer the least possible resistance to wind, were blown away as clearly as though a fence had never existed in the locality. Boards have been picked up in which grains of sand are deeply and thickly embedded as to give them the appearance of the sandpaper of commerce. In many instances the bodies of the dead have the skin so thoroughly penetrated by the flinty grains of sand as to be almost unrecognizable.

Every train into the district on Saturday took a long detour, stopping at every station, and as they were piled up awaiting transportation, a ghastly sight was presented. Sunday was a day of funerals throughout the devastated district. In Kosuth county, Iowa, alone there were nine funerals. On Monday by nearly fifty trains the money lost in that county will foot up \$250,000, and scores of people there and elsewhere are left destitute. The same condition exists at Leroy and Spring Valley, Minn.

**Killed and Injured.**  
Following is the list, as nearly correct as can be obtained, of those killed and injured by the tornado:  
**NEAR ALGONA, IOWA.—KILLED:** Robert Stinson, child of Charles Loe, Mrs. George W. Beavers, daughter of George W. Beavers, child of George W. Holman, Dingman, Sweeper, Mrs. Sweeper, infant child of Sweeper's, unknown man and wife, infant child of Clausen. **INJURED:** Mrs. Robert Stevenson, Carl Earyok, Mrs. Carl Earyok, Charles Loe, Mrs. Charles Loe, Mrs. Loe, children, George W. Beavers, Mrs. Myron Schenck and child, Mrs. L. Schenck, Horace Schenck, George Holman, four children and wife.

**NEAR WESLEY, IOWA.—KILLED:** M. Casler, Mrs. M. Casler, J. W. Dingman, infant of Mr. and Mrs. Eden, infant of Mr. and Mrs. Edson, Fred French, M. Schweppe, two children of Fred French, two children of Thomas Tweed, two children of M. Schweppe, Mrs. Joster Camp, four children of Joster Camp, Edon, Mrs. Eden, four children of Mr. and Mrs. Eden, Thomas Tweed, Mrs. Thomas Tweed, Mrs. E. Tweed, three children of Thomas Tweed, four children of Mrs. E. Tweed.

**AT BRITT, IA.—KILLED:** Jacobson, Griggs, Mrs. Similton, Mrs. Staggart, child of Mrs. Similton, two children of Mrs. Staggart, Mrs. Bingham, wife and three children, F. Daughtman and wife, A. Dockman and wife, W. Foy

and sister, Christ Hanson, — Mutz, wife and child, R. P. Madson, — Arter, wife and child, — Similton and child, **NORTH CERRO GORDO, IOWA.—KILLED:** D. T. Haddon, Mrs. D. T. Haddon, Mrs. D. T. Haddon, Elmer McKecherer, John Patterson, Peter Peterson. **INJURED:** Miss Maggie Baker, Miss Edith Bentley, Alice McKecherer, Harold McKecherer, James O'Neill, Sr.

**OSAGE, IOWA.—KILLED:** Mrs. Phil S. Herbert, Harry Herbert, Ruth Herbert, Mrs. Patrick O'neagan, Anna Perry. **INJURED:** Jacob Finley, Lou-jain Estern Mrs. Benjamin Kostern, Dennis O'neagan, Joseph O'neagan, Katie O'neagan, William Perry.

**SPRING VALLEY, MINN.—KILLED:** N. Edger, Mrs. N. Dodge, child of Frank Mashok. **THE INJURED:** Mrs. William Boree, Lucy Boree, Charles Dodge, Mrs. Harper, Jesse Harris, — Barber, Clark King, Mr. and Mrs. C. G. King, John Nes, Mrs. John Nes, John Nes, child. Mrs. Frank Mashok, Mrs. L. B. East, Mrs. Nellie King, Mrs. William Strong, Salls Williams.

**LEROY, MINN.—KILLED:** Mrs. Bun-ton, Henry Finley. — Gilberton, Joe Nelson. **INJURED:** Charles Blair, Cad Carson, Horace Chamberlain, Mrs. Horace Chamberlain, Henry Colton, Mrs. Henry Colton, Arthur Maxfeld, Nels Weigan.

**Pray to Blame.**  
The most disastrous fire in the history of Port and Ore., broke out Sunday afternoon on the dock of the Pacific Coast Elevator Company, and razed for miles. The loss probably will be at over \$500,000. The fire department was scattered about the city, looking after the small fires, when the alarm from the elevator was rung in. When the engines arrived the fire was beyond control and had burned from the dock to the wharf for half a mile away on fire. Nothing could be done but to let the fire burn itself out. The Pacific Elevator Company's main building, the coal bunkers of the North Pacific Terminal Company, and the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's wharf, 400 feet in length, was destroyed. The dock was completely gutted, nearly 600,000 bushels of wheat. The new plant of the Portland General Electric Company, just arrived from Lynn, Mass., was standing up in the yards of the terminal company on the cars, not having been unloaded. The machinery was of the most expensive kind, the most of which was lost. In the remainder of the property, 1000 tons of bonded freight cars, 100 of which were loaded, were destroyed. The Oregon Railway and Navigation docks held 1,500 tons of freight, consisting of wood, salmon, general merchandise, and cement, all of which was destroyed with the dock. There were 100 tons on the dock about 12,000 cases of salmon from the lower Columbia River, and 100 tons of salmon awaiting shipment for the East. It was valued at about \$100,000, and was partly insured.

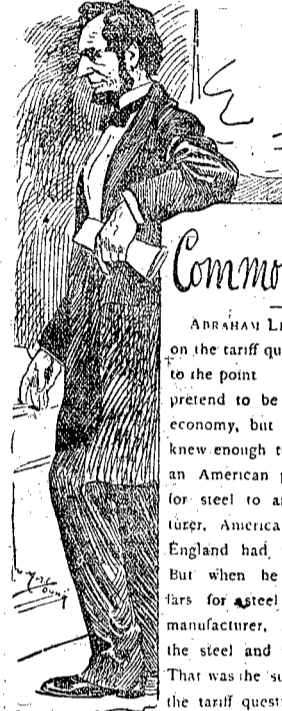
# TELLS ITS OWN TALE.

## DEMOCRACY'S RECORD SHOWS PROMISES UNFULFILLED.

Fruits of Twelve Months of Clevelandism. Pitiable Plight of Mugwump Editors. Taxation Reduced Under Protection. Price of Sugar Has Advanced.

**Record of Shame.**  
Grover Cleveland, in a speech delivered in New York on Jan. 20, 1892, declared "ours is not a destructive party." In another speech on Sept. 23, 1892, he asserted in his usual dogmatic style that "tariff reform" could be accomplished "without disaster or demotion." Let us see how these statements tally with the facts. It is two years since Grover Cleveland made them, and already the country has learned by bitter experience that the political organization for which he spoke is "a destructive party," and that the economical principles it expressed cannot be carried out "without disaster or demotion."

Let the record speak for itself. The bank clearings for 1893, which indicate the volume of business, fell off to the extent of ten billion dollars, as compared with those of 1892. Seventy-five railroad systems, representing one-sixth of the railroad mileage of the



ABRAHAM LINCOLN'S first speech on the tariff question was short and to the point. He said he did not pretend to be learned in political economy, but he thought that "when an American paid twenty dollars for steel to an English manufacturer, America had the steel and England had the twenty dollars. But when he paid twenty dollars for steel to an American manufacturer, America had both the steel and the twenty dollars. That was the sum and substance of the tariff question as he viewed it."

## LINCOLN AND THE TARIFF

country, went into the hands of receivers in the first year of the Cleveland administration. The gross receipts of 121 railroad systems declined more than \$8,000,000, or 14 per cent. Five hundred and ninety-eight banks were compelled to close their doors. The number of business failures advanced to 16,650, an increase of 59 per cent. in one year. For six years preceding the second inauguration of Cleveland the aggregate liabilities in all failures did not rise so much as \$200,000,000. In 1893 they exceeded \$331,000,000.

We do not know what the meaning Grover Cleveland attaches to the words "disaster," "disaster," and "demotion." In the figures we have given an ordinary person will see evidence in abundance of wide-spread disaster directly traceable to the triumph of the economical policy with which Cleveland's name is identified, as set out in the following: The following are the percentages of decrease of sales in other industries: Iron, 28 per cent.; furniture, 26 per cent.; shoes, 18 per cent.; hats, 15 per cent.; hardware, 19 per cent. This decrease, of course, means the loss of employment to thousands. Take, for instance, the woolen industry. The five months ending the Presidential campaign of the free-trade party had delayed that "tariff reform" would not affect injuriously the business of the country, one-half the woolen mills in the land were shut, and those in operation were running on half time.

So what are the fruits of the first two years of Clevelandism? What other disasters are in store for the country now on a tall.

**Down with the Tariffs.**  
The Gorman tariff bill is the law of the land. Let it be honored. It will be remembered that immediately prior to its passage in the Senate, Senator Morgan introduced a series of resolutions determining the illegality of every combination, conspiracy, trust, agreement or contract between two or more persons that would restrict the free trade or free competition, or increase the price of any marketable commodity. The penalty is fixed at a fine ranging from \$100 to \$5,000, and imprisonment for a term varying from three to twelve months. The Attorney-General is directed to institute proceedings through the several district attorneys of the United States. Let him begin. Let him begin with the sugar trust. Let him follow this up with the whisky trust.

**Democratic Relief from Taxes.**  
The price of refined sugar has advanced to the consumer as the direct result of Democratic taxation. The good McKinley days when twenty-four pounds of granulated sugar could be bought for a dollar have passed into obscurity. It will be hard upon many a family especially where the price is so high as it was a couple of years ago, to receive only fifteen or sixteen

pounds of sugar for a dollar, but this is a Democratic "object-lesson" that will hasten the return of protection.

**The Plight of a Mugwump.**  
The pitiable plight of the mugwump editors during the uncertainty that existed as to the President's pleasure regarding the Gorman tariff bill is amply illustrated by the following parallel:  
**BEFORE.** If it may be said with entire truth that the mugwump editors were not to be feared by the country can hardly be recalled in the experience of recent years. Had Congress saved its record from this blot and passed a tariff bill by the Gorman tariff bill the other shore would have been overlooked. (New York Herald, August 28, 1891.)  
**AFTER.** The country will draw a long and deep sigh of relief that the tariff bill is not in its grave in the hour for its legislation. All citizens may rejoice in the relief which will now be afforded even to the most timid. (New York Herald, August 28, 1891.)

**Don't Elect This Kind.**  
The President said, "There are provisions in this (the Gorman tariff) bill which are not in line with honest tariff reform, and it contains inconsistencies and conditions which ought not to appear in tariff laws of any kind." The President has pledged, at least he has always said so, to "honest tariff reform." His failure, therefore, to veto a bill "not in line with honest tariff reform" shows that he violated his promises to the people. If the Gorman bill "contains inconsistencies and conditions which ought not to appear in tariff laws of any kind," was it not plainly his duty

# IOWA SENATOR TALKS

## ALLISON OPENS THE HAWKEYE CAMPAIGN.

Powerful Speech Delivered at Ottumwa—Great Address and Disaster of the Last Eighteen Months Laid at the Door of the Democratic Party.

**Bourbons Are to Blame.**  
Senator Allison's speech at Ottumwa opening the Republican campaign in Iowa was a powerful address and was enthusiastically received by a large audience. The speaker reviewed the history of the country during the thirty-two years that the Republican party practically controlled the legislation of the United States. They were years of unexampled growth and progress, though the first four, under President Lincoln, were a period of trial, of peril, and of sacrifice. But with all this the country developed like a giant. The census of 1860 disclosed an aggregate wealth, including slaves of sixteen billion dollars. That of 1870, with the war's desolation and the expatriation of slaves as property, disclosed an aggregate wealth of thirty-two billion dollars. In 1880 the total had risen to sixty-five billion dollars, the increase of the last decade being one-third more than all the wealth of the United States



SENATOR ALLISON

thirty years before. The wealth per capita more than doubled in that thirty years, and the increase from 1850 to 1890 was \$100 per capita, or about 49 per cent., while in the same time the population increased 25 per cent. The greatest increase of wealth in the aggregate and in percentage is found in the States where agriculture is the largest interest. In the last census decade the value of farm lands increased 30.23 per cent., and that of farm implements nearly 50 per cent. Although the price of farm implements had decreased one-half in that interval, of the agricultural products, 90 per cent. has found a market at home.

Our manufactures have grown from a production of five billions in 1850 to nine billions in 1890. Our internal commerce has grown almost beyond computation. We nearly doubled our railway mileage, carrying by rail eight times as many passengers as the total population, and moving 640 million tons of freight in 1890. Our external commerce has increased year by year, in the last year of two billion dollars. In 1892 under the McKinley law. Our laborers have received better wages by one-half than have any other laborers on the face of the globe and twice as much as most of them in Europe. These wages steadily advanced, measured in money or power to purchase the comforts of life, until and during 1891 and 1892 all were employed at those wages who desired employment.

**The Meaning of Grover's Words.**  
With materials (raw sugar) cheapened by their freedom from tariff charges, the cost of their product (refined sugar) must be correspondingly cheapened. And vice versa. The President did not cheapen raw sugar when he had the power. He increased its cost and "correspondingly," or more so, he increased the cost of refined sugar. Was this "justice and fairness to the consumer?" Was it "justice and fairness" to the refiner, who had "the doors of foreign markets" shut in his face? Was it "justice and fairness" to "American labor" in the sugar refining business which is thereby prevented from securing "continuous and remunerative employment?"

"The millions of our countrymen" are interested. "Something is wrong. They must be constantly guarding against the treachery and half-heartedness in their camp. Who was treacherous? The Democratic majority in Congress. Who was fraudulent and half-hearted? The Democratic President, who failed to do his duty and veto a bill that he exposes as being rotten to the core. "The million of our countrymen" must kill this "communism of gold."

**Too Poor to Buy Wheat.**  
In 1887 every person in the United States consumed 3.92 bushels of wheat. In 1892 the consumption was 3.91 bushels per capita, an increase of two bushels being a quarter of a century of protection. People could live well in those days. But a year later, when the threat of free trade had begun to spread over the country, they could not buy so much bread, and each person consumed only 4.81 bushels, a bushel and more less in a single year.

**This Was Good Enough.**  
During thirty-three years of protection, 1867-1893, the total savings of the people in the United States increased by \$1,633,873,403. Is not this satisfactory evidence that protection is a good thing for the country? Leave well alone.  
**Tale End of "Tariff Reform."**  
The English railway, superannuated by the American, the employes contribute two and one-half per cent. of his wages to the fund and the company adds as much more. If he leaves before the end of ten years, he receives all that he has paid in and four per cent. interest. If he serves ten years or longer he becomes entitled to a pension or discharge, and the company contributes one-fourth to two-thirds of his former wages, according to the length of his service.

to the fact that the Democrats were willing to make the country a silver, but wanted free coinage instead. The purchasing clause of the Sherman law was repealed by the votes of a majority of the Republicans and a minority of the Democrats. This allowed the money panic, but did not stop the distress. Money became plentiful, but business was stagnant. Then the Wilson bill, "full of free trade and full of distress for the workingman and the business man," but people hoped they soon would know the worst and could begin again or surrender. The struggle following in the Senate prolonged the agony. The result is not so bad as expected, but is bad enough. Some industries will start up again at reduced wages, while others will not be able to live at all under the rates of the act of 1891 with continental and English prices for labor and competition with our own wages. So the great distress and disaster of the last eighteen months must be laid at the door of the Democratic party, and no sophistry or special pleading can change the plain facts which fix the true cause of all this distress upon the organized Democratic party.

Senator Allison showed that during all the thirty years prior to 1893 the policy of the Republican party was that adopted by the fathers of the Republic; the revenue to be collected chiefly from duties on imports, supplemented by a tax on the consumption of taxes on tobacco, distilled spirits, and malt liquors; that other internal taxes should not be resorted to except in times of great peril or temporarily to meet great emergencies, and thus during the war incomes were taxed heavily, but that no one can be taxed as possible after the close of the struggle. The policy was that in levying duties such discriminations ought to be made and protection given as would secure employment at reasonable wages for as many American toilers as possible in the production of articles which could not be produced at home. 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If the populists have any more speakers like A. B. Carey bring them on. They will help make republican votes.

Robert J. won't be a comparison with the run Charley Chase will make for representative. Any candidate will be distanced, fuse or no fuse.

Before "Billy" Bryan became a congressman he was a railroad attorney. Now if he has (?) withdrawn his services from the railroads, isn't it as fair to presume that John M. Thurston can if he should be placed in a position to serve the people?

It is amusing to note the reasons the democratic press give for Maine and Vermont going republican. But the democratic press have given so many reasons for this thing and that, that their reasoning has become entangled with cockle-burrs and the people will heed them not.

Some of the democratic papers claim that Thomas, the democratic nominee for congressman, will carry Nance county by 2,000 votes over Meiklejohn. Now Nance county only has about 1,400 votes, and we presume that each of the candidates will get at least a few votes in that county, therefore it is safe to estimate that the said democratic papers have imagined a lie about 1,000 times and put it in print.

The Madison Reporter, in a lot of gush week before last, made the frightful charge that John T. Bressler is a banker, and the Reporter evidently thinks that it is a terrible crime. The people are getting tired of this kind of twaddle. It has been the howl of the democrats and populists during their existence. However, Mr. Bressler is not a banker, and the Reporter knew it, and deliberately lied, as usual.

We want to ask our democratic friends what Bryan has ever done for the people of Nebraska during his two terms as congressman from the grand state? Will the people continue to let demagoguery prevail? We believe not. Then see that republican representatives and senators are sent to the state legislature. You need have no fear, railroad legislation will be enacted by the republicans that will be as beneficial as that passed by the republican legislature of Iowa.

The very thin crust between populistic Kansas and the region below is giving away. There is no other way to explain the sinking of the land in Harvey, Butler and Marion counties. The face of the earth is tired of supporting such a population and is just opening up and letting the peps down into that country where the government owns the railroads and coal is furnished at reduced rates and trusts and corporations are not. —Journal.

The Madison Reporter says that John T. Bressler is a banker, and the Democrat, published at the home of Mr. B., says that he has had nothing to do with banking since in the early eighties.

We believe that the Reporter deliberately lied about this matter for the avowed purpose of injuring our candidate, with an anarchistic element in this district. Even though he were a banker, that should not be our glad to say, prevent John T. Bressler from ably representing us in the senate. —Osmond Republican.

There are many reasons why republicans should support the entire ticket this fall. There is one good reason why every republican should vote for the legislative ticket. And that is so as to insure the election of a republican United States senator. The interests of the west are at stake. We have had about enough of mistakes and it is very important that a strong republican be sent to the senate. This can be accomplished by electing republican representatives and senators. To that end it is urged upon all to vote for Bressler and Chace. But not that alone, but for the further reason that they are men worthy of the hearty support of the people. Both have been residents of the state for years, and both have acquired a competency by energy and industry. —Stanton Register.

That old political moss back, editor Mackey, of the Madison Reporter, (Ind. Dem.) started the report that the Howell Journal, Schuyler Quill, and Fremont Leader, three of the best populist papers in the district, are opposing Mr. Divine. All three of these papers came out last week and denounced Mackey for the false statements and they all published able editorials favoring Mr. Divine for congress. Now Mackey, tell another before that gets cold. —Allon News (Ind.)

Before commenting too severely on the integrity or lack of it in other men Mr. Rosewater owes it to himself and posterity to pay for the 1,500 papers he ordered from Leon, Ia., and save the editor from bankruptcy. A book account of his in five years, and the first thing Rosey knows the lapse of time will have settled an account that an honest man would hate to see squared in that way, even if he had to borrow the money to fix it up right. —Bixby.

"I want a democratic administration," says W. Jennings Bryan. "You've just had one, says the people of Nebraska." "I know it," says Willie, "but it wasn't the one I wanted." —Burt County Herald.

THE HERALD is in receipt of a souvenir edition of the North Bend Republican by Will M. Maupin. It reflects credit where credit is due, and the good people of North Bend are to be congratulated in that they have such a man in their midst.

The following from one of the most prominent democrats of Nebraska will set some people to thinking;

OMAHA, Neb., Sept. 22.—[Special]—Speaking of the general political situation in this state, William A. Paxton, of Omaha, said today: "The result of the election cannot be estimated with any degree of certainty until after the democratic state convention. If Bryan's control of the democratic party makes it endorse populism, then the issue in this state will be squarely between populism and state credit. And when that issue is made the battle will be sharp and the issue decisive. It has taken a great deal of mind, money and energy to build up this state and make it what it is, and those who have been most active in building it up will not easily submit to having it torn down by irresponsible and reckless politicians like these populists and their leaders. The indorsement of populism by the Bryan wing of the democrats will put the republican ticket through this campaign with 30,000 majority. I prefer democratic state government to republican state government, but as between republican state government and populism, with all the disaster which that means, the business interests of the state cannot for a moment hesitate. When once the active business force of this state are aroused they will sweep away the chaff and the dead leaves of populism as they swept away prohibition in 1890." —Journal.

# Stock Men!

## Attention!

THE  
**Wakefield**  
**ROLLER MILLS!**  
Stored a large amount of Grain when it was cheap and are now offering Feeders ground Feed that is much better and cheaper than wheat. Give us a trial and be convinced.  
**WAKEFIELD ROLLER MILLS.**

**R. W. WILKINS & CO.,**  
**DRUGDISTS**  
Stationery and Perfumes!  
Wall Paper.  
Sheet Music Given Away.  
Prompt and Careful Attention Given to Filling Prescriptions.  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

**EDWARDS & BRADFORD LUMBER COMPANY.**  
(INCORPORATED)  
**LUMBER, LIME AND COAL.**  
GET ESTIMATES  
BEFORE you BUILD.  
W. H. BRADFORD, Agent

**SAM'L A. FRIEDOLPH,**  
New Suitings  
Constantly Arriving  
**Merchant Tailor!**  
Workmanship First-class and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

**D. E. SMITH & CO.,**  
Handle as nice a line of  
**CLOTHING.**  
As you can find in the City.  
Boys Suits, from \$2.50 to \$7.00.  
Youths Suits, from 4.00 to 10.00.  
Mens Suits, from 5.00 to 20.00.  
Men's coats and vests from \$5.00 to \$15.00.  
Men's light weight coats and vests 75c. to \$5.00.  
Call and see what we have to offer you for these prices. We also carry a nice line of Neckwear.  
White Laundered Dress shirts, sold for \$1.25 now \$1.  
White Laundered Dress Shirts, sold for \$1.00 now 90c.  
Linen Collars, 15 cents.  
**D. E. SMITH & CO.,**  
WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

**Wayne :- Meat :- Market,**  
ROE & FORTNER.  
Will Keep First Class Meats always on Hand.  
Fish and poultry in season. Also dealers in hides and furs.  
New brick west of the State Bank of Wayne on second street.

# HISTORY OF THE FAIR

IT IS REPLETE WITH INTERESTING FACTS.

Traces of Gatherings for Barter and Exchange Almost from Time Immemorial—The County Fair Originated at Albany, New York, Seventy Years Ago.

Less than a Century Old.

THE history of fairs is replete with interesting facts. Almost from time immemorial there are traces of these gatherings for purposes of barter and display. The ancient Greeks held them in conjunction with popular assemblies for political motives, and the Roman forums, though properly permanent market places, attracted great multitudes to festivity and business.

In the fifth century fairs were established in French and Italian cities. One at St. Denis was a notable institution of its time, being inaugurated by Dagobert in 629, while that at St. Lazare was held by sanction of Louis VI. Alfred the Great introduced them into England in 886, and like gatherings for the sale of slaves, commenced through Germany and the north of Europe about the year 1000. Less than a century later they were greatly encouraged in England by William the Conqueror, and the fair of St. Bartholomew, opened in London in 1133, became a popular event through nearly four centuries.

Coming down to a later period, various expositions in the British Isles and Continental Europe have acquired world-wide celebrity. There is the Hampshire fair, held October 10, which was probably the greatest sheep display; the Norwich, October 17, almost exclusively devoted to Scotch cattle; the Ipswich, for lambs, of which almost 100,000 are annually sold, and

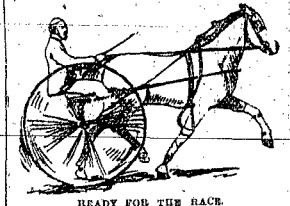


THE TRADITIONAL PLOW

the Lincolnshire, the largest horse fair in the world, which every August attracts even many visitors from the United States.

In France, the great fair at Beaucaire, held July 22 to 28, rivals those of Germany and Russia in extent and operations, the attendance some-

times running as high as 200,000, among whom are traders from all parts of the world. The receipts of a single week often aggregating five millions of dollars. Equally large are the transactions of the Normandy fair, a principal market for wool and woolen goods and for valuable horses. In Holland these popular assemblies are the occasion for joyous festivities, the staple amusements being theaters and shows; and in Germany the most prominent occasions of this character had their origin in religious celebra-



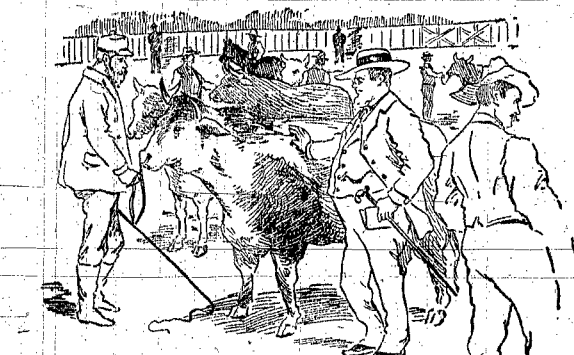
means of instruction. Competitive exhibition rather than general traffic has been the motive pursued. The New York-World's Fair of 1853 was a wonderful exposition for its time,



RACING AT

and was the model for numerous like fairs, industrial and otherwise, culminating in the Columbian Exposition at Chicago. It is in its county fairs, however, that the United States excels. This institution is said to have originated at Albany, N. Y., some seventy years since, with Elkanah Watson. He organized and opened the first county exhibition, a feature of agricultural competition that has rapidly grown in popularity.

Many, however, have been the changes wrought since that time. People of this age see and enjoy things that to our forefathers would have seemed improbable and visionary. Numerous are the hardy pioneers who can recall the first attempt at anything like a fair in their county. Perhaps one yoke of oxen, a donkey, a span of mules, a mare and a colt was the sum total of the stock show, while the other things on exhibition would not furnish a small load for an ordinary overland peddler. So radical has been the change that a comparison is needless. Today, with commodious buildings, extensive grounds and fine race-tracks, we are well supplied with all the modern accessories to comfort and entertainment. A spirit of rivalry has aroused the hitherto latent enthusiasm of many a farmer and his household, and, as autumn approaches, the result of a summer's labor is quite evident, on observing



AWARDING PREMIUMS ON FINE STOCK

the fattened cattle, hogs and sheep, the fine display of turkeys, geese, ducks, chickens and the blooded draught, trotting or road horses. The machinery, culinary and art departments each contribute considerably towards making the event a success. And with an unlimited supply of fruits and cereals, the program is about complete, and the anticipated pleasure of the year finds its fruition when the prosperous and deserving farmer drives his family to that most glowing and varied scene of activity and enlightenment—the county fair.



THOROUGHBRED CATTLE

Italy. Italian fairs are devoted to silks. Many in Russia take place on frozen rivers, and the greatest one in the East, that held at Mecca during the time of the annual pilgrimages, presents an average concourse of nearly a hundred thousand visitors.

Fairs in this Country. In our own country many fairs of State and national celebrity have occurred during the past century.

## Rather Smart Business.

The Salvation Army in a certain provincial district were at one time in the habit of displaying this glaring interrogatory: "What shall I do to be saved?"

The vendors of a well-known patent medicine saw in this an opportunity for a unique and useful advertisement, and they forthwith had similar sized bills pasted underneath as follows: "Try Blank's Noted Pills."

This naturally annoyed the reactionists, who at once ceased to be the medium of giving publicity in such a manner to the proprietary article. In time the original placards were washed away, but the advertisements of "Try Blank's Noted Pills" continued to appear.

The chance for revenge had now arrived, and in order to return a Roland for an Oliver, the Salvationists beneath every announcement displayed an attractive poster on which was printed, "Prepare to meet thy God."—London Exchange.

some were so numerous that the stand that had been prepared for them broke down. To me was assigned the duty of procuring the judges, and I propose to let some one else do that next year. I finally secured four brave women, after having asked nearly two hundred, and I don't think that any of these four will ever serve again. Some of the babies were beautiful and some were awful, and all the mothers were terrors excepting the four whose babies won the prizes. They made numerous and very disagreeable remarks, and one man, who evidently was the proud father of a first-born, spent all the rest of the day chasing me around the grounds, informing me that the whole business was a put-up job and swearing that the judges did not know a baby from a yearling calf. I took refuge in my tent, but things got so unpleasant in there that I thought I would escape, and, lifting the flap, stepped hurriedly outside. I took the second step much quicker than the first, for one of the mothers had placed her child on the ground just outside the tent, and I stepped on it. A great deal happened just then, I am sure, and a great deal was said, and I did the fastest running of my life.

"All week long it seemed to me that somebody was continually hunting for a scrap, and that my time was mostly occupied in trying to mix oil and water. All the same, every one seemed to have a good time, and I did, too, notwithstanding my trials and tribulations, which culminated with the close of the fair."

## Do Bees Eat Fruit?

Are not bees injurious to sound, ripe fruit? Do they not damage sound fruit in years of honey scarcity? During the fall of 1879 there was a great complaint made of the bees on that score, in this vicinity, especially in the matter of grapes. These complaints induced us to make careful experiments on the matter, and I ascertained and will say now, not that I believe that bees cannot injure sound fruit, but that I know that they may be starved to death upon it.

Some four or five years ago, a doubt of this assertion having been expressed in our public high school on this question, by the lady principal of the school, I offered to make a public test of this matter before the pupils, and this offer was accepted. The bees were attracted from neighboring hives to a table in the school yard, and damaged fruit offered them. After they got fairly to work upon it, the damaged fruit was removed and sound fruit put in its place, and in the course of fifteen minutes the bees had all abandoned the spot. I earnestly request those who doubt my assertion on this question to make such a test for themselves. It is not difficult and is conclusive.

Most of the damage charged to bees is done by birds, ants, wasps, and hornets do their share, but as the little honey-bee sometimes gathers the remnants so nothing may be lost, she is often accused as the leading perpetrator of the offense.—Bee Journal.

## Milk Legislation.

There is plenty of leniency toward the butterine makers to not interfere with their nefarious business, but the real dairymen are watched with eagle eye to prevent the sale of milk below a certain standard. The Orange County Farmer says: Under the above caption Mr. George Abbott



THE MERRY GO-ROUND

has issued a little pamphlet that contains the dangers to honest dairy-

## THE HUMOR OF IT.

A Certain Grim Aspect to the Funny Side of the Fair.

The humorous side of the county fair has a certain grim aspect to it. There is young Josh, escorting his Samantha safely past thimbleriggers, impossible lottery chances, and a whole battery of tempting "opportunities to double your money," faces his fate when confronted with a variety of sportive signs that are calculated to make his pocketbook feel very hungry. During the day this couple offer an excellent target for the taffy and lemonade vendors, who courteously extend them an invitation to stop, examine, and invest. Does he invest? His exchequer is getting low, but Samantha gives him an affectionate look, and his substance is wasted on hoky-poky, popcorn, and the usual trimmings of a well-regulated fair. Eventually the day draws to a close, the sun begins to set behind a distant stock pen, the bullfrog in the pool commences his evening warble, and young Josh starts homewards, dead-tired out and—dead broke! But he has bought pleasant memories for a whole year ahead.

There are some things that Josh will never forget and there are others, as well that he will never forgive. He would like to get even with the dapper fellow who yelled "Bring that back!" when Josh carried off a 50-cent souvenir, supposing it to be free literature; he would like to "smash" the dude at the candy stand who made his 10-cent investment look like a penny's worth and sweetly invited Samantha to sample every tray while he made eyes at her; and, most of all, is Josh eager for next year's fair, that he may run amuck and utterly destroy the hair-dye fellow who benevolently



SIMPLE BUT SUGGESTIVE

informed him that he would give him a trial free of his celebrated fifteen-day mustache raiser, provided Josh "would remove that streak of root from his upper lip!"

When Josh gets older, however, all these things will be considered of minor importance, and another kind of pleasure will await him—that which makes the county fair an event in the lives of many. The general good time is manifest when the old settlers reunite. Friends are met who have long been absent, comments on the crop and fair are indulged in, the success or failure, marriage or death of an acquaintance or relative is freely discussed. Good speakers fill a program made up of pleasant reminiscences, and none present more brightly appreciate the fair than those who, by reason of their own exertion, have done so much toward bringing the county to its present state of perfection and prosperity.

## In Their Own Language.

A personage almost as widely known in the ecclesiastical world as his most revered master was the late Archbishop of Canterbury's coachman. He served Dr. Tait also before his elevation to the Archiepiscopate, while as yet he occupied the age of London. Scores of stories have been told of the peculiarities of this individual, and the following, among others, was often related with the keenest relish by his grace. One day when, as the Bishop of London, his lordship was returning from some meeting in the city, the carriage became blocked with some cabs, and the coachman freely indulged in an old habit by swearing lustily at the various drivers. The Bishop heard him, thrust his head out of the window, and sternly remonstrated. "Beg your pardon, my lord," was the smart reply of the unabashed Jehu, "but I heard you tell them 'ere gents as was ordained last Sunday that if you don't speak to people in their own natural tongue you will never get 'em to understand you."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

## Rarest Stamps for Collectors.

At the philatelic section in the rotunda in Vienna, a Swedish collector exhibited a very rare stamp—a "the" (instead of tre) skilling, yellow, of 1853—which misprint was at once purchased by the Field International Postage Stamp Museum for the sum of 2,400 florins, (\$1,100 United States currency)—the highest price ever paid thus far for an obliterated European stamp. The rarest and most costly postage stamp anywhere is, up to the present day, the British Guiana one-cent of 1856, which is valued at 30,000 marks, and of which only a single specimen is known to exist in the unique collection of M. Phillip Ferrari, Paris. Next in value (15,000 marks) is the two-cent Sandwich Islands stamp, first omission—and a British Guiana two-cent stamp, of 1850, estimated at 6,000 marks; while Mauritius Post Office 1d. and 2d. (non-obliterated) recently sold in London for 14,000 marks—a price which might be obtained even for obliterated specimens.—American Register, Paris.

## A DETROIT BUILDER.

HE TELLS A REMARKABLE STORY OF HIS LIFE.

CAME TO DETROIT ABOUT FORTY YEARS AGO.

Levi Eisey's Experience Worthy Serious Attention.

(From the Detroit Evening News.)

Away out Gratiot avenue, far from the din and turmoil of the business center, there are many attractive homes. The intersecting streets are wide, clean and shaded by large leaf-covered trees, and the people you meet are typical of industry, economy and honest toil. There are many pretty residences, but none more inviting in its neatness and home-like comfort than that of Mr. Levi Eisey, the well-known builder and contractor, at Moran street, just off Gratiot. Mr. Eisey is an old resident of Detroit, having moved here about forty years ago. He has erected hundreds of houses in different parts of the city, and points with pride to such buildings as the Newberry, & McMullan and Camesa blocks, in which he displayed his ability as Superintendent.

"I have seen Detroit grow from a village to a city," he observed yesterday, in conversation with the writer, "and I don't think there are many towns in America to-day equal to it in point of beauty. I know almost everybody in the city, and an incident which recently happened in my life has interested all my friends."

"It is now about eight years ago since I was stricken down with my first case of illness. One cold, blustering day I was down-town and through my natural carelessness at that time I permitted myself to get chilled right through the neck. I arrived home that evening I felt a serious pain in my left leg. I bathed it that night, but by morning I found it had grown worse. In fact, it was so serious that I sent for my family physician, and he informed me that I was suffering from varicose veins. My leg swelled up to double its natural size and the pain increased in volume size. The agony was simply awful. I was laid up and never left my bed for eight weeks. At times I felt as though I would go frantic with pain. My leg was bandaged and was propped up in the bed at an angle of 30 degrees, in order to keep the blood from flowing to my extremities."

"I had several doctors attending me, but I believe my own judgment helped me better than theirs. After a siege of two months I could move around; still I was on the sick list, and had to doctor myself for years. I was never really cured, and suffered any amount of anguish."

"About two years ago I noticed an article in the Evening News about my friend, Mr. Northrup, the Woodward avenue merchant. In an interview with him he stated that he had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and that they cured him. I knew him very well, having built his house on Woodward avenue, and I thought I would follow his suggestion. I must confess I did so with marvelous success. From the time I began to take the Pink Pills I felt myself growing to be a new man. The acted on me like a magical stimulant. The pain disappeared and I soon was as strong, and healthy as ever. Before trying the Pink Pills I had used any amount of other medicine without any noticeable benefit. But the Pills cured me, and I was myself again."

"When a person finds himself relieved and an ailing health he is apt to expose himself again to another attack of ill ness. Some three months ago I stopped taking the Pink Pills, and from the day I did so I noticed a change in my condition. A short time since I renewed my habit of taking them with the same beneficial results which met me formerly. I am again nearly as strong as ever, although I am a man about 57 years of age. I tell you, sir, the Pink Pills are a most wonderful medicine, and if they do as well in other cases as they did in mine they are the best in the world. I freely recommend them to any sufferer."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and yellow complexion, and all forms of weakness, either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50; they are never sold in bulk or by the 100, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

## GRAINS OF GOLD.

COVETOUS men need money least, and yet they most affect it.

NOTHING contributes so much to the duration of life as moderation.

TO GAIN wealth does not make us happy; to lose it makes us miserable.

KINDNESS in ourselves is the honey that binds the sting of unkindness in others.

NO MAN can be regarded as master of himself till he has conquered his passions.

NO MAN is thoroughly happy till the discharge of duty becomes his supreme pleasure.

THERE is no grief without some beneficial provision to soften its intensity.

THOSE should be deemed our best friends who kindly and reasonably tell us of our errors.

AS RECONCILING enemies is the work of God, so separating friends is the work of the devil.

DO GOOD to those who do you evil, and by this means you will gain the victory over them.

EVERY time you find doing wrong you increase your inclination to do that which is right.

WHATSOEVER you dislike in another person, take care to correct in yourself by the gentle regard.

ADVICE is like snow, the softer it falls the longer it dwells upon, and the deeper it sinks into, the mind.

## Beir the report be true that Princess

Beatrice, of England, learns all the topical songs and sings them, we have another argument for the abolition of royalty.



### HAVOC WITH A HOSE.

The Little Girl Held the Whole Family as a Slave.

This incident happened one evening late at the home of a rich man in Indianapolis. The family were sitting on the veranda, and the hired man was playing the hose over the lawn. The little daughter of the house, aged five years, asked to be allowed to manage it for a few minutes, and her little cousin given into her hands. Her little cousin was standing near by, when suddenly the little girl, impelled by some spirit of evil, turned the stream of water directly on her. The poor cousin fled to the house, her new dress completely ruined.

Angry exclamations came from the veranda, and the father started toward his daughter. She got within ten feet of him, and he was soaked in an instant, and with a muttered—something of the kind—retreated. Then mamma tried it.

"Grace," said she, "stand here." And the mother started down the steps. She got within ten feet of her little darling, when again that stream was given a sudden turn and landed in her face. She gave a gasp of astonishment, caught her breath, and as she turned, got another deluge in the back of her neck, drenching up her skirts she fled precipitately, and was drenched by the time she got to cover.

The child was master of the situation. A consultation was held, and Grace was hailed from the veranda by a half dozen voices. But she paid no attention. Just then an old lady was passing the gate, and with a selfish scream of delight Grace took her dragging the hose. The old lady saw her danger, and took down the street as though a cow was coming toward her. For five minutes no one was allowed to go past without taking the middle of the street. And then it was all spilt. Around the corner of the house appeared a colored man with a rubber coat on and an umbrella over his head. The child saw him coming and turned the hose on him, once more opening the street for traffic. She was soon reformed.

"Hill to the Chief!"

This is half the title of an old song. The balance is, "Who in triumph advances." The public press and the medical profession chant this refrain as especially applicable to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, chief among American remedies and preventives for malaria, constipation, dyspepsia, liver complaint, nervousness, unquiet sleep, rheumatic twinges, and the troubles incident to advanced age. It is also universally recognized as a reliable tonic and appetizer. As a family medicine particularly suitable to emergencies it has no equal. The nervous, the feeble seek for aid, and the hapless sufferer, the convalescent, the aged and the infirm derive infinite benefit from its use. Against the influences of impure air, bad water, unaccustomed food, overwork and exposure it is a genuine preventive.

BUT 1 per cent. of the entire population of this country have been divorced.

### That Tired Feeling

I cordially recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to all who may be suffering with indigestion or impure blood, no appetite.

**Run Down** feeling, or generally out of order. It will surely help any who give it a fair trial, if there is any help for them. I have found it of great benefit for Rheumatism.

We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla two years and have no sick headache, pains or tired feelings.

### Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

feeling. W. N. BARNES, Hartford City, Ind.

Hood's Pills give universal satisfaction.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age.

### KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, OF ROXBURY, MASS., has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humors). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within fifty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is full or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first. Eat a change of diet, or necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

### No SHOCKING!

A mild, continuous current of electricity cures.

Get a catalogue by writing to THE OWEN ELECTRIC BELT CO., 209 State Street, CHICAGO, ILL.

### MOVES THE BOWELS A CUP PARKS TEA CURES CONSTIPATION

### FOR DURABILITY ECONOMY AND FOR GENERAL BLACKING IS UNEQUALLED. HAS AN ANNUAL SALE OF 3,000 TONS.

WE ALSO MANUFACTURE THE SPARTAN PLAXAN SOAP.

FOR A BETTER DINNER SHINE OR TO TOUCH UP SPOTS WITH A CLOTH MAKES NO DUST IN 5.810 CENT TIN BOXES. THE ONLY PERFECT PATENT MORSE BROS. CO'S, CANTON, MASS.

### THE HIGHEST AWARD.

Royal Baking Powder in Strength and Value, 20 Per Cent. Above Its Nearest Competitor.

The Royal Baking Powder has the enviable record of having received the highest award for articles of its class in the greatest strength, purest ingredients, most perfectly combined, wherever exhibited in comparison with other brands. In the exhibitions of former years, at the Centennial, at Paris, Vienna, and at the various State and Industrial fairs, where it has been exhibited, judges have invariably awarded the Royal Baking Powder the highest honors.

At the recent World's Fair the examination for the baking powder awards were made by the experts of the chemical division of the Agricultural Department of Washington. The official report of the tests of the baking powder which were made by this department for the specific purpose of ascertaining which was the best and which has been made public, shows the following: "The length of the Royal to be 160 cubic inches of carbonic gas per ounce of powder. Of the cream of tartar baking powders exhibited at the Fair, the next highest in strength was tested contained but 130 cubic inches of leavening gas. The other powders gave an average of 111. The Royal, therefore, was found of 23 per cent greater leavening strength than its nearest competitor, and 44 per cent above the average of all the other tests. Its superiority in other respects, however, in the quality of its taste, its makes as to fineness, delicacy and wholesomeness, could not be measured by figures.

It is these high qualities, known and appreciated by the women of the country for so many years, that have caused the sales of the Royal Baking Powder, as shown by statistics, to exceed the sales of all other baking powders combined.

### The Truth saved Him.

There didn't know for sure that the man they had had stolen the horse, but they were guessing so near it that they had a rope around his neck and were heading him for the nearest telegraph pole. When they reached it they asked the culprit if he had anything to say.

"Yes," he replied, lifting his eyes to heaven, "I say I didn't steal that horse."

"Wow," shouted the crowd in disapproval of the e sentiments.

"I tell you again I didn't steal him."

"Come off, why didn't you steal him?" asked the spoke man sarcastically.

"The horse is gone and there ain't nobody else to do it," exclaimed the prisoner tracing up "some other fellow had him afore I got to the stable."

The crowd made a rush, and the prisoner, as if it were all up with the officer, but the spokesman got the floor.

"Boys," he yelled, "hold on. When we were accused of being of truth as plain as that is we're bound to run for it. Let's keep him and run him for office."

The crowd wouldn't have that, however, but they gave him an hour to get away in, and a big drink, and told him to hustle for the East, where there was less truth than horse stealing.

### Drought Destroys Many Cattle.

No country in the world offers greater facility for stock breeding than does Argentina, in South America, and in no place is breeding carried on more extensively. The late drought there, however, have played havoc with the herds, and the result from a single province show how great has been the destruction. This is the province of Entre Rios and here, lately, 200,000 head of cattle have perished; 150,000 sheep and 20,000 horses, the whole being valued at \$3,000,000 in currency. If this same rate is found to obtain in the rest of the province, the loss must have been truly enormous.

### Everybody is Going South Now—Days.

The only section of the country where the farmers have made any money the past year is in the South. If you wish to change you should go to winnow and see for yourself. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad and connections will sell tickets to all points south for 100 cents, and on December 4, at one fare round trip. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot sell you excursion tickets write to Geo. P. Amore, District Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky., or Geo. B. Horner, D. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

### Tells Ghost Stories for a Living.

There is a certain young lady in England who is making a great success as a professional ghost teller. She is employed by the best society houses parties and entertains the guests for two hours or so by her thrilling tales. Generally the fact that she is employed is kept a secret, the guests believing that she is one among them.

### The Modern Beauty.

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health, and her face blooms with the roses of youth. She needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant liquid laxative Syrup of Figs.

### The Hummingbird Flower.

There is a wild flower in Turkey that is the exact floral image of a hummingbird. The breast is green, the wings are a deep rose color, the throat yellow, the head and beak almost black.

### A Bright Eye.

is a sign of good health, and if the stomach is not in the best of conditions the eyes will show it. Ripans Tablets will cleanse the stomach, and keep the eyes bright and clear.

### TALMAGE'S SERMON.

#### THE GREAT PREACHER'S MESSAGE FROM THE ANTIPODES.

How Zaccheus, Who Was Converted and Made Restitution—The Conscience Fund of the Treasury Department—Transformation of a Family—The Mother's Prayer.

Rev. Dr. Talmage, who is now preparing to leave Australia for India on his round the world tour, selected as the subject for last Sunday's sermon through the press "The Tax Collector's Conversion," the text being taken from Luke vi. 9. "This day is salvation come to this house."

Zaccheus was a politician and a tax-gatherer. He had an honest calling, but the opportunity for "stealings" was so large the temptation was too much for him. The Bible says he "was a sinner"—that is, in the public sense. How many fine men have been ruined by official position! It is an awful thing for any man to seek office under government unless his principles of integrity are deeply fixed. Many a man upright in an insignificant position has made shipwreck in a great one. As far as we know, Zaccheus's father, who this Zaccheus belonged to what might be called the "ring," they had things their own way, successfully avoiding exposure, if by no other way perhaps by hiring somebody to break in and steal the vouchers. Notwithstanding his bad reputation, there were streaks of goodness about him, as there are about almost every man, even if he is found in quartz, and sometimes in a very small percentage.

Jesus was coming to town. The people turned out on masses to see him. Here He comes, the Lord of glory, on foot, dust covered and road weary, limping along the way, carrying the cross on his back. He looks like a man of about thirty. Zaccheus was a short man and could not see over the people's heads while standing on the ground, so he got up into a sycamore tree that swung its arm clear over the road. Jesus advanced amid the wild excitement of the surging crowd. The people of the town, the people of the city are looking on and trying to catch His attention. Jesus, instead of regarding them, looks up at the little man in the tree and says: "Zaccheus, come down. I am going home with you." Everybody was disgusted to think that Christ would go home with so dishonorable a man.

#### Christ and the Publican.

I see Christ entering the front door of the house of Zaccheus. The King of Heaven and earth sits down. He looks around on the place and the family He pronounces the benediction of the text, "This day is salvation come to this house."

Zaccheus had mounted the sycamore tree out of mere inquisitiveness. He wanted to see how this stranger looked, and he saw that he was a Jew, and he saw that he was a man of length of hair, the contour of his face, the height of his stature. "Come down," said Christ.

And so many people in this day get up into the tree of curiosity or speculation to see Christ. They ask a thousand queer questions about His divinity, about God's sovereignty and the eternal decrees. They speculate and chatter, and hang on the outside limb of a great sycamore. But they must come down. We cannot be saved as philosophers, but as little children. You cannot go to Heaven by way of Athens, but by way of Bethlehem.

They are perplexed about the way sin came into the world when the great question is how we shall get sin driven out of our hearts.

How many spend their time in criticism and religious speculation! They take the rose of Sharon or the lily of the valley, pull out the anther, scatter the corolla and say, "Is that the beautiful flower of religion that you are talking about?"

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tion, I vested fourfold—that is, if I have saved any man for \$10,000, he had only \$5,000 worth of property and put in my own pocket the tax for the last \$5,000, I will restore to him fourfold. If I took from him \$10, I will give him \$40. If I took from him \$10, I will give him \$40.

of hundreds of dollars have been sent to Washington during the past few years as "conscience money." I suppose that money was sent by men who wanted to be Christians, but found they could not until they made restitution. There is no need of parrying to come to Christ as we keep mandating a dollar for a farthing, a man's possession that belongs to another. Suppose you have not money enough to pay your debts, and for the sake of defrauding your creditors you put your property in your wife's name. You might cry until the day of judgment for pardon, but you would not get it without first making restitution. In times of prosperity it is right against a rainy day, to assign property to your wife, but if, in time of perplexity and for the sake of defrauding your creditors, you make such assignment, you become a culprit before God, and you may as well stop praying until you have made restitution. Or suppose one man loans another money on bond or mortgage, with the understanding that the mortgage can lie quiet for several years, but as soon as the mortgage is given commences foreclosure—the sheriff mounts the auction block, and the property is sold down at half price, and the mortgagee buys it. The mortgagee started to get the property at half price and is a thief and a robber. Until he makes restitution there is no mercy for him.

You say, "I cannot make restitution. The parties whom I swindled are gone." Then say, "I like the thought of going to America, to the Society and consecrate it to God." Zaccheus was wise when he disgorged his unrighteous gains, and it was his first step in the right direction.

#### Christ in the Home.

This way being clear, Christ walked into the house of Zaccheus. He becomes a different man; his wife a different woman; the children a different set. Oh! it makes a great change in any house where Christ comes into it! How many beautiful homes are represented among you! There are pictures on the wall, there is music in the drawing-room, and luxuries in the wardrobe, and a full supply in the pantry. Even if you were half asleep there is a light in the house which would wake you, and thrill you through and through, and that word is "home." There are also houses of suffering represented in which there are neither pictures, nor wardrobe, nor adornment—only one room, and a plain cot, or a bunk in a corner. Yet it is the place where you pray on your knees, and your whole nature tingles with satisfaction when you think of it and call it home. Though the world may scoff at us and pursue us and all the day we be tossed about, at eventide we sail into the harbor of home. Though there be no rest for us in the busy world, and we go brudging about, bearing burdens that weigh us down, and we are weary, and it hath an easy chair in which we may sit, and a lounge where we may lie, and a serenity of peace in which we may repose, and that refuge is home. The English soldiers, sitting on the walls around Sevastopol, one night heard a company of musicians playing "Home, Sweet Home," and it was said that the whole army broke into sobs and wailing, so great was their homesickness. God pity the poor, miserable wretch who has no home!

#### The Christian Mother.

Now, suppose Christ should come into your house. First the wife and the mother would feel His presence. Religion almost always begins there. It is easier for women to become Christians than for men. They do not fight against God. If women tempted man originally away from holiness, now she tempts him back. She may not make any fuss about it, but somehow everybody in the house knows that there is a change in the wife and mother. She chides the children more gently. Her words are sweeter. Her prayers are more earthy good. She goes into some unoccupied room for a little while, and the husband goes not after her nor asks her why she was there. He knows without asking that she has been praying. The husband notices that her face is brighter than on the days when, years ago, they stood at the altar, and he has a new glow of a warmth sweeter than the orange blossoms. She puts the children to bed, not satisfied with the formal prayer that they once offered, but she lingers now and tells them of Jesus who blessed little children and of the good place they all hope to be at last. And she says to her husband, "I feel that something that the child feels to be a heavenly benediction—a something that shall hold on to the boy after he has become a man 40 or 50 years of age, for there is something in a good, loving, Christian mother's kiss that 50 years cannot wipe of the cheek.

#### The Father Overcome.

Now the husband is distressed and annoyed and almost vexed. If she would only speak to him, he would "blow her up." He does not like to be talked about. He has a hope that she has a hope that he has not. He knows that, dying as he now is, he cannot go to the same place. He cannot stand it any longer.

Some Sunday night, as they sit in church side by side the floods of his soul break forth. He wants to pray, but he does not know how. He has a face, lest some of his worldly friends see, but God's spirit arouses him, melts him, overwhelms him. And they go home—husband and wife—in silence, until they get to their room, when he cries out, "Oh, pray for me!" And they kneel down. They cannot speak. The words of the Lord, "But God does not want any words. He looks down and answers sob and groan and outgushing tenderness. That night they do not sleep any for talking of all the years wasted and of that Saviour who ceased not to call. Before morning they have laid their plans for going to the soft, green meadow, and mother descend from the bedroom. The children do not know what is the matter. They never saw father with a Bible in his hand before. He says, "Come, children, I want you all to sit down while we read and pray." The children look at each other and are almost disposed to laugh, but they see their parents are in deep earnest. It is not a joke, they know that. They read. He is a good reader at other times, but now he does not get on

much! He sees so much to linger on. His voice trembles. He is saying so strangely now to him. They know that is the father and mother do. But the children come down one by one. They do not know that they must. It is sometimes before they all get down. The sentences are broken. The phrases are a little ungrammatical. The father begins and says, "I cannot understand what you mean, it is about this: 'O Saviour, help us. We do not know how to pray. Teach us.' We cannot live any longer in the way we have been living. We start to-day for Heaven. Help us to take these children along with us. Give us strength for all the past. Strengthen us for all the future. And when the journey is over take us where Jesus is and where the little babe is that we lost. Amen!" It ended very abruptly, but the angels came out and leaned so far over to listen that they would have fallen off the battlements for the weight of their wings, and cried: "Bless him! Bless him! Bless him!"

That night there is a rap at the bedroom door. "Who is there?" cries the father. It is the oldest child. "What is the matter? Are you sick?" "No; I want to be with you, father, and all the other children are brought into the kingdom of God. And there is great joy in the house. Years pass on. The telegraph goes click, click! What is the news coming over the country? "Come home, father is dying." The children all gather. Some use in the air, "I am coming, too late for the train, take a carriage across the country. They stand around the dying bed of the father. The oldest son upholds the mother, and says: "Don't cry, mother. I will take care of you." The parting blessing is given. No long admonition, for he has been through years' saying to his children, "I want to be with you, father, and all the other children are brought into the kingdom of God. And there is great joy in the house. Years pass on. The telegraph goes click, click! What is the news coming over the country? 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# NEW STORE!

We wish to say to the People of Wayne and surrounding country our new fall stock consisting of  
**Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Gents' Furnishings,**

We have made heavy purchases on Willson Bill prices, paying spot cash (we also sell for cash) thus enabling us to give our customers every advantage. We shall endeavor at all times to treat you fair and give you good honest goods at the lowest prices (value considered)

Is Now Ready For Your Inspection

Yours,  
Anxious  
to Please

# L. M. Beeler & Co.

First Door North of E. P. Olmsted & Co's Hardware

## J. P. GAERTNER,

Dealer in

# Furniture

Embalming, thorough.  
Undertaking Goods and Hearse in connection.

## GREAT OPPORTUNITY!

People call these hard times but what does it matter when you can buy as much now for \$1.00 as you could a short time ago for \$2.00 to \$3.00. See our prices on

## WALL PAPER.

Old Price 10 to 20 cents, now 5 to 10 cents Double Roll.  
Old Price 20 to 30 cents, now 10 to 16 cents Double Roll.  
Old Price 30 to 50 cents, now 15 to 25 cents Double Roll.

## LAMPS.

Old Price 40 to 50 cents, now 15 to 25 cents.  
Old Price \$1.00, now 50 cents.

## HANGING LAMPS!

Old Price \$4.50, now \$2.50.  
Old Price 8.00, now 4.15.

## SEDGWICK DRUG CO.

West Side Pharmacy, Wayne, Neb.

## OUR NEW FALL STOCK

IS NOW COMING IN.

It is positively the Biggest Opening of Fall

# Dry Goods!

Ladies' Furnishing Goods and Fine Millinery.

Even Seen in Wayne!

Don't miss this universal exhibition of the

## LATEST NOVELTIES!

Of the incoming season, in Dress Fabrics, fresh from the great centers of trade in this country and abroad.

Our Prices are Lower for 1st class Merchandise than competitors ask you for shoddy, inferior goods.

## M. P. AHERN

Wayne's Old Reliable Dry Goods Merchant.

## THE COUNTY NEWS.

**NORMAL COLLEGE NOTES.**  
Prof. Pile returned from his visit to Kentucky Sunday.

Miss White was a chapel visitor Monday morning.

Next Friday night the literary society will render an interesting program.

Last Friday afternoon the students were given a holiday in order to enable them to attend the Wayne county fair.

Many of the students heard Bryan's speech Saturday afternoon.

The various churches to the students Saturday evening was a great success. After an interesting program, progressive dominoes was the prevailing amusement until refreshments were served. All felt that they had spent a very pleasant evening.

**HOSKINS ITEMS.**  
Wm. Zutz was at Winside Sunday.

Mrs. John Zeimer is seriously ill.

Mrs. W. C. Parsons was at Winside yesterday.

Miss Mae Phillips was at Norfolk last Thursday.

Mrs. H. Luke was at Norfolk last Thursday.

Mr. Waddell lost one of his horses last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John DeKay are living in their new house.

E. Behmer, Jr., and Aug. Behmer were at Pierce last Saturday.

Mr. Peterson and wife returned to Hoskins one week ago yesterday.

Chas. Long and sister, Mrs. G. W. Trotter, were at Norfolk Tuesday.

E. Behmer and son Eddie attended the fair at Wayne last Saturday.

W. J. Weatherholt and Geo. Weatherholt were at Norfolk last Sunday.

Geo. Weatherholt and Geo. Haringfeld were at Norfolk last Thursday.

W. J. Weatherholt, J. L. Cline and G. W. Trotter were in Norfolk last Thursday.

Mr. David Cline is here visiting his brother, whom he has not seen for thirty years.

Mr. Chas. Long, of Winside, age 24, and Miss Estella Waddell, age 16, of Hoskins, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony on Wednesday, September 23, 1894, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Linn, of Winside.

About 80 guests were present. Many useful and valuable presents were received. After the ceremony was over the guests departed for the hall with the bridal couple and attendants in the lead, where a sumptuous supper greeted the eyes and appetites of the many guests. After supper the guests went away rejoicing and the bridal couple took the evening train for their future home at Winside. The heartfelt congratulations of the community went with them.

**Real Estate Transfers.**

Bressler & Chace to I. W. Altor, lot 2, block 10, east ad to Wayne, \$200

Boyer Meyer to Joehin Kohler, lots 1 and 2, and a 1/2 of n w 1/4, 18-25-1, 1850

U. S. to J. W. Jones, s e 1/4 1-27-2, Patent

Joseph Longacker to La Porte cemetery Association, 1 acre in n w corner 27-28-1

Ferd Meyer to Herman Muth, s e 1/4 of s e 1/4 of 23 and n 1/2 of n w 1/4 and s e 1/4 of n w 1/4 23-25-2, 4000

**THE MARKETS.**

These quotations are the prices paid by our merchants to producers.

**FARM PRODUCTS.**

Begs ..... 12 1/2  
Butter ..... 30  
Potatoes ..... 90

**HAY AND GRAIN.**

These quotations indicate what is paid at the elevators.

Wheat ..... 40 1/2  
Oats ..... 20  
Rye ..... 40  
Corn ..... 40  
Flax ..... 1 20  
Hay ..... 6 00

**LIVE STOCK.**

Hogs ..... 4 15 @ 4 30  
Cattle ..... 3 00 @ 3 25

**Here You Are!**

The HERALD from now until Jan. 1st '95 to all new subscribers for 25 cents. Subscribe now and get the campaign news.

Cabinet Photos \$3.00 per doz. during September. C. M. CRAVEN.

Chas. Borchert left for Wayne yesterday, to visit Atty. Hood of that place. Osmond Republican.

Remember the Goodykoontz-Ezerman musical entertainment at the opera house October 4.

Winside has decided to build an opera house. The people of that thriving burg have grit. They propose to give a bonus of \$500.

The fair at Wayne was not what could be called a howling success. Bloomfield Independent.

You're away off Mr. Coleman, the Wayne county fair was a success from start to finish, and the society has quite a sum left in the treasury.

## DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION

Two Tickets Placed in Nomination Caused by Fusion and Fize Silver.

Bryan had a majority in the convention and run it to his liking. The straight-out administration men bolted and placed another ticket in the field.

The following tickets were nominated yesterday:

Governor (populist)..... JUDGE HOLCOMB  
Lieutenant Governor (populist) J. N. GAFFIN  
Secretary of State..... E. R. ELLICK  
Treasurer..... J. A. ENKHAARDT

Attorney General (populist)..... A. D. B. CASEY  
Auditor..... J. C. DAHLMAN  
Commissioner of Public Lands and Buildings (populist)..... S. H. KENT

Superintendent of Public Instruction (populist)..... W. A. JONES

**THE BOLTER'S TICKET**

Governor..... P. D. STURDEVANT  
Lieutenant Governor..... R. E. DUNHAM  
Secretary of State..... D. T. ROLE

Auditor..... OTTO BAUMEN  
Treasurer..... LUKE BREIDENBACH  
Attorney General..... JOHN H. AMES  
Commissioner of Public Lands Jacob Ziegler  
Superintendent of Public Instruction..... MILTON DOOLITTLE

The Bloomfield Independent has been revived by Edward L. Coleman. The first number indicates business and portends success for the editor.

Senator David B. Hill was nominated by the democratic state convention of New York, yesterday, as a candidate for governor. David will discover that it is a poor year to accept nominations in New York.

**Northeast Nebraska Press Association.**

The Northeast Nebraska Press Association met at Norfolk Monday night with some 13 or 14 members present. The meeting was called to order by President Huse, and in the absence of the secretary, W. H. McNeal was elected secretary pro tem. A telegram from Secretary Young was read announcing that it was impossible for him to be present.

The Secretary was ordered to correspond with the Secretary of the National Association with a view of the N. N. P. A. becoming a member of the National Association.

Each member was requested to solicit at least one member of the press in the third congressional district to become a member of the Association.

Dorr H. Carroll of the Winside Tribune, and A. J. Moecker, of the Platte Center Signal, were admitted to membership.

The Secretary was then instructed to send out notices to the members two or three times prior to the next meeting. Also to invite all members of the press in the 3rd congressional district to become members of the Association.

Messrs. Swenson and Turner, of Pender, extended an invitation to the Association to meet at Pender, which was accepted by dispensing with the rules, and meeting called for the third Monday in February.

A motion prevailed that the Secretary send a report of this meeting, also the membership standing, and the announcement of the next meeting to the "Nebraska Editor."

An address was made by Mr. Stockman, of Sioux City, representing the Inter-State Fair, in which he extended a cordial invitation to the association to be present, and the invitation was unanimously accepted.

During the meeting the association was serenaded by the Norfolk Band, a most excellent organization.

Irving W. Larimore, physical director of Y. M. C. A., Des Moines, Iowa, says he can conscientiously recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm to athletes, gymnasts, bicyclists, foot ball players and the profession in general for bruises, sprains, and dislocations, also for soreness and stiffness of the muscles. When applied before the parts become swollen it will effect a cure in one half the time usually required. For sale by Phil P. Kohl, Druggist.

**EVERY HOME-SEEKER**

Should read the pamphlet recently published by the passenger department of the Illinois Central railroad, entitled "Southern Home Seeker's Guide for 1894." It contains over 60 excellent letters from Northern farmers now located in the South, and other authentic and valuable information. For a Free Copy, address the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa.

J. F. MEYER, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Genevra Perfume, Genevra Perfume, Genevra Perfume, Genevra Perfume, The latest, the best. Sedgewick Drug Co.

Good comfort calico 4 c. per yard.

The Racket.

Notice—All persons knowing themselves indebted to me, are requested to call and settle before October 1st. After that time all accounts will be put in the hands of a collector.

D. T. Working.

## PHILIPPO & SON.

DEALERS IN

# Lumber Lime and Stone.

BEST GRADES. - LOW PRICES.

McCormick Binders, Mowers and Twine.

## To Use McCormick Machines

Saves Time, Trouble and Money.

SEE OUR SAMPLES.

We Have Money to Loan at 6 per Cent.

On Farm or City Property in any section of country where property has a fixed market value. Money ready for immediate loans where security and title is good. No Commission. We solicit applications. Blanks furnished upon request. ALLEN & Co., 40 & 42 Broadway, Neb., York.

## N. I. JUHLIN,

Manufacturer of

## Boots & Shoes.

Repairing a Specialty.

Shop First Door South of J. S. French & Co's. Office.

WAYNE, NEBRASKA.

## NEW Furniture Store

BARTLETT & HEISTER,

Dealers in all kinds of

## Furniture, Mouldings, Curtains, Etc.

In Basement of Boyd Building.

## FREE RAW MATERIAL

Would not Improve

## STANDARD FOOD

It is as good now as we can make it. If you feed it you get the benefit of what we have learned about it in ten years of constant work.

We have tried to make a Food that will assure a good (natural) appetite, improve the digestion and aid assimilation (save waste) and result in an

Actual Profit

to the feeder through increased gain and finer finish, and our result shows we have been successful. Some of the best feeders in the country are our customers, and we are constantly adding to the list. For Sale by

R. H. HARDIE.

**CENTRAL Meat Market.**

FRED VOLPP, Prop.

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Smoked Beef, Pans Shoulders and Bacon.

Highest Price Paid for

HIDES PELTS AND FURS.

Post Office Building

A. SCHWAERZEL PROPRIETOR OF THE

WAYNE SHOE SHOP

Boots and Shoes made to order. Workman ship Guaranteed.

Wayne, Nebraska.

## Auction!

I will hold a Public Auction in Wayne every Saturday at 2 o'clock p. m.

Persons having anything to sell—horses, cattle, hogs, machinery, or household articles—will please bring them in and I will dispose of them to the highest bidder.

My charges for selling will be 5 per cent.

ED. REYNOLDS, - Auctioneer

## ROBERT PERRIN,

Has again taken possession of the

## Hotel Perrin.

Where he will be glad to welcome former patrons and many new ones.

South of Railroad Track. - Wayne, Neb.

## The Greatest Offer Yet Made!

Last season THE HUB delighted thousands of buyers all over the United States with its "Head-to-Foot" Boy's Outfit at \$5.00 consisting of Coat, Cap, Shoes and only one pair of pants.

We'll do better yet this season!



## The Hub's "Head-to-Foot" Boy's Outfit

for the fall season contains as follows:

One Double Breasted Coat, One Stanley Cap to Match, One Pair of Foot Cloak Shoes and Two Pairs of Knee Pants.

and still the price will remain the same, \$5.

Remember, the cloth is all wool, the workmanship and trimmings first-class, everything strictly guaranteed, and your money back should you want it.

Send for samples of cloth, or better yet, let us send you one of the finest "Head-to-Foot" Outfits with privilege of examination before payment, provided \$1.00 on account is sent with the order.

## THE HUB,

The Largest Clothing Store in the World, N. W. Cor. State and Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

References: Any Bank or Wholesale Firm in Chicago.

## COMMIT THIS TO MEMORY LATEST STYLES—LOWEST PRICES

## O. K. SCOFIELD CLOAKS, SUITS, FURS.

Cor. 16th and Farnam Sts., OMAHA PAXTON BLOCK.

## CITY MEAT MARKET

J. H. GOLL, Prop'r.

Will keep First-Class Meats Always on Hand.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides.

## Fine Wines and Liquors!

Sole Agent for the Celebrated

## PABST Milwaukee BEER!

Which I keep constantly on tap and in bottles.

## The First National Bank.

Wayne, Nebraska.

## Capital and Surplus. \$90,000.00.

J. M. STRAHAN, President. H. F. WILSON, Cashier.

FRANK M. NORTHROP, Vice Pres. NATHAN CHACE, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS: J. M. Strahan, Frank E. Strahan, Geo. Bogart, John T. Bogart, Z. M. Northrop, Frank Fuller, H. F. Wilson.